

THE CHELSEA HERALD.

A. ALLISON, Editor and Proprietor.

"Of the People and for the People."

VOLUME 25.

CHELSEA, MICH., THURSDAY, FEB. 13, 1896.

Single Copies 5 Cents.

NUMBER 25.

Remnant Sale

-- OF --

Dry Goods.

Cost cuts no figure.
We want to rush
them out quick,
therefore have put
the prices away down.

W. P. SCHENK & COMPANY.

For **SAFETY** and to **DRAW INTEREST,**

Deposit your Money in the

Chelsea Savings Bank.

Sys: Bant.

Its Money is protected from fire and burglars by the best screw door, electrical alarm, burglar proof vault-safe made.
W. J. Knapp, Pres. Thos. S. Sears, Vice-Pres. Geo. P. Glazier, Cashier.

This Month

We are offering special prices on bed-room suits. Call and see our new stock. Also bring in your pictures and have them framed before house cleaning begins. Remember us when in need of anything in the line of furniture.

W. J. KNAPP.

Let us make
Your Clothes

Prime materials and work in every way.

GEO. WEBSTER.

Subscribe for the Herald.

Birth Day Party.

The birthday party given by the W. R. C. at the Opera House last Tuesday evening was a grand success both socially and financially.

The lecture on Lincoln given by Capt. E. P. Allen in connection with the birthday offering swelled the monument fund \$130. Those who did not avail themselves of this opportunity of hearing Mr. Allen cannot realize what they missed. Had you been 99 years of age you would have been well paid for coming out in the wind and storm.

The birthday offering stands open for those who were not present. M.

Valentine Social.

The Junior C. E. Society will give a Valentine Social at the Congregational church Friday evening, Feb. 14.

Come one, come all,
Come great and small,
Come gladly at the Juniors' call;
For they invite you to come and dine,
And buy your friends a Valentine.
Office hours from six till nine.

Teachers' Meeting.

A meeting of the Teachers' Association of Washtenaw county will be held at the High School building, Saline, Saturday, February 29. The following program has been arranged:

Morning session, 10 a. m.—Music; Saline High School Choir; paper, "The Fortune of English Syntax," Supt. B. O. Austin; informal talk, "The Teaching of Reading in District Schools," Mrs. F. Caldwell-Heller; music, Saline High School Choir.

Afternoon session, 1:30 p. m.—Music, Saline High School Choir; paper, "What Should a Course of Study embrace?" Supt. M. A. Whitney; paper, "Teaching Drawing in the District School," Miss Lena Mallory; music, Saline High School Choir; paper, "Teaching Physiology in the District School," Mr. A. F. Rockwell; paper, "School Ethics," Miss Nettie Gillett; music, Saline High School Choir.

Michigan Crop Report.

The weather during January was fairly favorable for wheat. The ground was not at all times entirely covered with snow, but when it was not covered the temperature ranged high, and no material damage was done. In reply to the question "Has wheat during January suffered injury from any cause?" 71 correspondents in the southern counties answer "Yes" and 440 "No"; in the central counties 23 correspondents answer "Yes" and 150 "No," and in the northern counties 2 answer "Yes" and 91 "No."

In answer to the question "Has the ground been well covered with snow during the month?" about one half of the correspondents in the southern counties, two-thirds in the central, and nearly all in the northern answer "Yes."

The total number of bushels of wheat reported marketed by farmers in January is 664,103, and in the six months, August-January, 5,998,826. The amount marketed in January is 397,736 bushels less than reported in January, 1895, and the amount marketed in the six months, August-January, is 1,303,115 bushels less than reported marketed in the same months last year.

At 87 elevators and mills from which reports have been received there was no wheat marketed during January.

The condition of live stock ranges from 92 to 97 per cent, comparison being with stock in good, healthy and thrifty condition.

WASHINGTON GARDNER
Secretary of State.

Your Boy Won't Live a Month.

So Mr. Gilman Brown, of 84 Mill st., South Gardner, Mass., was told by the doctors. His son had lung trouble, following typhoid malaria; and he spent three hundred and seventy-five dollars with doctors, who finally gave him up, saying: "Your boy won't live a month." He tried Dr. King's New Discovery, and a few bottles restored him to health and enabled him to go to work a perfectly well man. He says he owes his present good health to use of Dr. King's New Discovery, and knows it to be the best in the world for lung trouble. Trial bottles free at F. P. Glazier & Co.'s drug store.

Subscribe for the Herald

VALENTINES

All Styles, All Prices

At the

Bank Drug Store.

Everyone who sends one of these little missives of course wants to get the best his money will buy. Come and look over our beautiful assortment. We can help you in the matter.

3 GOOD REASONS

Why You Should Trade With Us:

I.—We turn over our stock so fast that everything is **new, fresh and clean.** Everything is sold to you under a guarantee to be just as represented.

II.—You can depend upon buying everything at the very lowest prices when you come to the Bank Drug Store. Read our price lists and see if are right about this.

III.—We are making every effort to merit your trade by prompt and courteous attention when you are dealing at our counters. Honest weights, honest goods, honest prices.

- 19 pounds granulated sugar for \$1.00.
- 7 cakes Jaxon soap for 25 cents.
- 4 pounds fresh California prunes for 25 cents.
- Choice dried beef 8 cents per pound.
- 6 pounds best crackers for 25 cents.
- 10 pounds best oatmeal for 25 cents.
- 50 pounds best sulphur for \$1.00.
- Strongest ammonia 4 cents per pint.
- Choice cream cheese 12 1/2 cents per pound.
- Fresh ginger snaps 5 cents per pound.
- Large cucumber pickles 4 cents per dozen.
- Gloss starch and all sodas 5 cents per package.
- Good sugar corn 5 cents per can.
- Very light table syrup 25 cents per gal.
- Fairbank's best Cotelene 7 cents per pound.
- 23 pounds brown sugar for \$1.00.

It pays to trade with

F. P. Glazier & Co.

THE CASH STORE.

Tinware at 1-2 price.

Groceries Cheap and Good.

JOHN FARRELL.

Hier wird Deutsch gesprochen.

"Do you want any Ice?"

"Yes!"

"Whoa!!"

We will sell you a Hardwood, Dry Air Refrigerator, and keep it filled with Cavanaugh or Cedar Lake ice the coming summer, for the small sum of \$10.00, to be paid in weekly installments of 50 cents. This is less than the retail price of the Refrigerators.

For further particulars call at our office where the refrigerator can be seen.
FRANK STAFFAN & SON.

JOHN BAUMGARDNER,

Designer and Builder of

*** Artistic Granite Memorials. ***

Office, 6 Detroit St., Ann Arbor, Mich.

Established 1868.

We keep on hand large quantities of all the various granites in the rough, and are prepared to execute fine monumental work on short notice. Original Designs. Correspondence Solicited. Electric Works 6, 8, 10 Detroit St., and 17-19 5th Ave. Dock and Derrick 2-8 Miller Ave.

GROFF'S Rheumatic Cure

Is the only positive Cure known to the Medical Profession for the Cure of Acute and Chronic Rheumatism, Gout, Lumbago, Sciatica, Neuralgia, Ovarian Neuralgia, Diarrhoea, Puerperia, Scrofula, Liver and Kidney Diseases. A positive Cure effected in from 6 to 18 days.

For sale by all Druggists.

THE CHELSEA HERALD.

A. ALLISON, Editor and Proprietor.

CHELSEA, MICHIGAN

THE NEWS.

Compiled From Late Dispatches.

CONGRESSIONAL.

The Proceedings of the First Session.
The senate was not in session on the 2d... In the house bills were introduced for the construction of lighthouses at Peshtigo Reef, Lake Michigan and Whale-back Reef, Cedar river, and for fog signals at Ottawa Point and Menominee Harbor; to investigate the conduct of First Assistant Postmaster General Jones in setting spies upon letter carriers and on this evidence removing them from their places; providing that the widow of a soldier who has been receiving a pension shall not be deprived of it because she has married again. The army appropriation bill and the senate silver bond bill were reported and referred.

The house tariff bill was reported back to the senate on the 4th with an amendment striking out everything after the enacting clause and placing in lieu thereof a free coinage substitute, in precisely the same words as that adopted by the senate as a substitute for the bond bill. Bills were favorably reported granting a pension of \$200 a month to the widow of the late Gen. Walter Q. Gresham and \$100 a month to the widow of the late Gen. Thomas Ewing; prohibiting the desecration of the American flag; for the annexation to Utah of all the portion of Arizona lying north of the Colorado river, and west of the eastern boundary of Utah... In the house the senate free coinage substitute for the house bond bill was reported, with the recommendation that the house non-concur and insist on its bill.

In the senate on the 5th Senator Morgan (Ala.) introduced a resolution in favor of absolute neutrality between the contending powers in Cuba, and that to each all the rights of belligerents in the ports of the United States shall be accorded. Senator Vest (Mo.) severely criticized the secretary of agriculture because he did not distribute seeds to farmers... In the house a bill was passed to prevent prize and bull fights in any state or territory. The free-coinage substitute for the house bond bill was discussed, but no action was taken.

Senator Sherman (O.) on the 6th presented Mr. Foraker's credentials to succeed Senator Erice March 4, 1897. The bill to prohibit prize fighting in federal territory, which passed the house, was passed. Senator Turpie (Ind.) spoke in favor of a constitutional amendment to have United States senators elected directly by the people of the several states... In the house the time was devoted exclusively to the further consideration of the bond bill and the senate free-coinage substitute therefor.

In the senate on the 7th Senator Frye (rep., Me.) was unanimously elected president pro tem. A bill was passed opening the forest reservations of Colorado for the locating of mining claims. The resolution contemplating a reform in handling appropriation bills by distributing them among several committees was referred to the committee on rules, to be reported back next December... In the house the time was occupied in debating the free-silver substitute for the bond bill. During the discussion Mr. Talbert (S. C.) tried to defend secession and was called to order by Mr. Barrett (Mass.), who offered a resolution of censure, and it was referred to the judiciary committee.

DOMESTIC.

Parley C. Stearns, aged 84, the oldest justice of the peace in Illinois in point of service, having held the office 52 consecutive years, died at Canton.

The Congregational church in Auburn, Mass., founded in 1776, was totally destroyed by fire.

The historic First Unitarian church on "meeting-house hill" in Boston, a familiar landmark and the oldest church in the district, was destroyed by fire.

At Mount Riga, N. Y., Mary Jones and her husband, while driving across the railway tracks were struck by a train and both were killed.

Ina Crabtree, aged 14, was sentenced at Morgan township, O., to serve ten days in prison and pay a fine of five dollars and costs for whispering in church.

The National Farmers' Alliance and Industrial union met in annual session in Washington.

Judge Morris ruled in the court of appeals in Washington that while intoxication may be a disease, yet if it is voluntary and leads to commission of crime it is a crime in itself.

St. John's military academy at Delaware, Wis., was closed, owing to small-pox.

Israel Cohen & Co., wholesale clothiers in Boston, assigned with liabilities of over \$100,000.

Fay Howard and George Richard, the two beer-keg rollers from Green Bay, Wis., arrived in St. Louis in less than 60 days, thus winning a wager of \$500.

Col. Albert J. Fountain, of Las Cruces, N. M., a prominent lawyer, and his little boy were murdered by cattle thieves.

The president tendered the post of ambassador to Germany, to succeed the late Theodore F. Runyon, to Edwin F. Uhl, of Michigan, now assistant secretary of state.

All but four of the 100 students at the Smith college in Sedalia, Mo., were converted at a revival.

While burning brush near Dallas City, Ill., one daughter of A. Tollivero was burned to death and another was fatally injured.

Two shocks of earthquake were felt at Creighton and Norfolk, Neb., and at Sioux City, Ia., and Elk Point and other places in Minnesota.

Joseph Dunlop, publisher of the Chicago Dispatch, was found guilty of sending obscene matter through the United States mails.

The bank of Wilton M. Durham at Momence, Ill., failed with liabilities amounting to \$25,000, consisting principally of deposits.

Four thousand six hundred and forty bids for \$558,269,850 worth of bonds was the total of the subscriptions opened at the treasury department in Washington in accordance with the terms of the call issued a month ago inviting proposals for \$100,000,000 of United States four per cent. bonds to run 30 years from February 1, 1895.

Richard Klauka killed his wife, father, mother, three daughters and himself with a pistol in Chicago. The cause was said to be anarchistic tendencies and domestic trouble.

Allen Sharpless, aged 47, and his 15-year-old daughter were burned to death at their home in Montpelier, O.

The agricultural lands of the Red Lake Indians in Minnesota, which embrace about 800,000 acres, will be opened for settlement May 1 and will be sold at \$1.25 per acre.

Dr. Hurst, of Pennington, Va., while drunk, injected morphine into himself and his companions, causing his own death and that of two others.

James H. Rice, president of one of the largest manufacturing and exporting concerns in the plate glass industry in America, died in Chicago, aged 66 years. His wife died two days before.

Krout, the express agent who pleaded guilty to robbing the express company of \$20,000, was sentenced at Colorado Springs, Col., to five years' imprisonment.

The Reclaimer Manufacturing company of New York, makers of face cream balm, failed for \$125,000.

John Field, receiver of the Fifth avenue bank at Columbus, O., which failed about a month ago, reported a shortage of nearly \$70,000.

The Maurice (Ia.) state bank closed its doors.

The first cyclone in the history of Mobile, Ala., did considerable damage in that city and vicinity.

Hans Peterson, aged 53 years, wandered about the streets of Omaha, Neb., until he starved to death.

A bridge on the New England railroad over the Pequabuck river, near Bristol, Conn., collapsed, carrying with it 20 workmen, 11 of whom perished.

The supreme council of the National Farmers' Alliance in session in Washington elected as president Mann Page, of Virginia.

John Torrence, the oldest railway mail clerk in the country, died at his home in Indianapolis from injuries received in a railway wreck, aged 67 years.

The Columbia Spring company, doing business in several states and with headquarters at Newport, Ky., failed for \$172,000.

R. & H. Adams, manufacturers of cotton goods in New York, failed for \$500,000.

The entire coast from Florida to Maine was swept by violent gales, the wind reaching velocities from 50 to 70 miles, and all the Atlantic coast districts were deluged with heavy rains.

The village of Bound Brook, N. J., was flooded by a heavy rain and during the storm a fire destroyed 20 houses.

The Excelsior Manufacturing company, a large stove-making concern in St. Louis, failed for \$150,000.

The dam at Pochontas lake broke and all the lower part of Morristown, N. J., was inundated and 25 persons were missing.

Scott Jackson, a dental student in Cincinnati, accused of the murder of Pearl Bryan, of Greengastle, Ind., confessed his guilt and implicated Alonzo M. Walling.

In a saloon fight at Whiting, Ind., Stephen Malji and Emile Szanyo were killed and several others were badly injured.

There were 323 business failures in the United States in the seven days ended on the 7th, against 404 the week previous and 281 in the corresponding period of 1895.

The R. M. Connable company, manufacturers at Dayton, O., of overalls and heavy clothing, failed for \$100,000.

The plant of the W. S. Reed Toy company was destroyed by fire at Leominster, Mass., entailing a loss of \$100,000.

The right of the women of Ohio to vote for members of school boards was sustained by a decision of the supreme court.

The treasury at Washington completed its tabulation of the bids for bonds above the Morgan syndicate bid. The result is 781 bids for a total of \$68,758,650. This leaves the amount which will be awarded to the Morgan syndicate \$34,211,350.

The following Baltimore business concerns went into the hands of receivers: The J. W. Winslow Jones Packing company, \$150,000; the Highland Packing company, \$10,000; the Patuxent Canning company, \$10,000; and the Riverton Live Stock company, \$25,000.

The bill to prevent prize fighting in the District of Columbia and territories was signed by the president and became a law.

The exchanges at the leading clearing houses in the United States during the week ended on the 7th aggregated \$999,906,409, against \$890,980,070 the previous week. The increase, compared with the corresponding week in 1895, was 1.9.

Benjamin Radcliff, the slayer of the entire school board of Jefferson district, Park county, was hanged at Canon City, Col.

Joseph Merrifield, the 13-year-old son of Frank Merrifield, of Hedrick, Ia., shot his eight-year-old brother with a rifle and then killed himself.

L. A. Hendry, who has been in the mercantile business at Angola, Ind., for 30 years, failed with liabilities of \$70,000.

A storm in New Brunswick, N. J., carried away great quantities of lumber and goods in many stores and factories were damaged, the loss reaching fully \$100,000.

The recent storm and fire at Bound Brook, N. J., caused a loss of \$200,000 and the death of one man named Miller, who perished in the attempt to aid people in distress.

PERSONAL AND POLITICAL.

Thomas Driscoll, the "Hermit of Argyle," died at the Rensselaer home for aged men in Argyle, N. Y., aged 104 years.

Col. W. M. Cooke, who many years ago represented the First Tennessee district in congress, died at his home in Nashville.

Capt. Israel H. Washburn, retired, of the United States marine corps, died at Hot Springs, Ark. He was one of the four famous Washburn brothers of Maine.

Gen. John Gibbon, the famous Indian fighter, died at his home in Baltimore of pneumonia at the age of 68.

William H. English died at his home in Indianapolis, aged 74 years. He was a congressman during the eight years which preceded the civil war, and was the democratic candidate for vice president on the ticket with Gen. Hancock in 1880. Mr. English was also a great financier, and left an estate valued at \$1,750,000.

Charles Wachsmuth, the world's greatest paleontologist in the line of crinoids, died suddenly at Burlington, Ia., aged 66 years.

FOREIGN.

Harry E. Sargent, who "brought out" Mme. Modjeska, and was once well known in this country as a theatrical manager, died in a workhouse at Leeds, England.

Miss Clara Barton, president of the American Red Cross society, and party left London on their way to Armenia for the distribution of relief funds.

Lady Jane Francesca Wilde, mother of Oscar Wilde, died in London.

An earthquake shock was experienced at Santa Cruz del Sur, Cuba, and houses were rocked and furniture was thrown about.

John Hays Hammond, the American mining engineer charged with the leadership of the late uprising in Johannesburg, South Africa, was liberated on bail from the jail in Pretoria.

The Russian official crop report for 1895 makes wheat 80,000,000 bushels and rye 115,000,000 bushels less than in 1894.

The new Manitoba legislature convened at Winnipeg.

In reply to a letter from Queen Victoria the sultan of Turkey says the Armenians were the aggressors in the recent massacres. He also says that in every part of Asia Minor everything is now tranquil.

LATER.

Joseph R. Dunlop, publisher of the Chicago Dispatch, was sentenced to pay a fine of \$2,000 and serve a term of two years in the Joliet penitentiary for the offense of using the United States mails to circulate obscene advertisements.

The packing house of the Tri-City Packing company at Davenport, Ia., was burned, the loss being \$110,000.

The schooners Florida, Allianza and Glendon were wrecked on the Massachusetts coast and ten sailors lost their lives.

Washington advices say the treasury will receive in round figures from the bond sale about \$111,000,000 in gold.

On the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy road a passenger train ran from Galesburg to Mendota, Ill., a distance of 80 miles, in 71 1/2 minutes.

Peter L. Atkins and Miss Maud Kelly while out riding were drowned near Middletown, N. Y. In the darkness Atkins drove off the road into a flooded meadow.

The republican state central committee of Ohio decided to hold the state convention in Columbus on March 10 and 11.

John Barnett, aged 75, died with palsy at Paris, Ky., and the minute he died a large clock in the room stopped and had since refused to run.

William L. Kenyon, aged 75, died at his home in Kingston, N. Y. He was a member of the Thirty-Sixth congress.

Oscar Barneybeak shot Mrs. E. B. Catlin on the street at Anaconda, Mont., and then killed himself. A love affair was the cause.

Dr. Richard Manning Hodges, one of the most famous surgeons in this country, died at his home in Boston, aged 76 years.

Conrad Truss, 90 years old, committed suicide by hanging at his home in Waltz township, Ind. He was wealthy, but feared poverty.

The republican state central committee of New York decided upon March 24 as the date for the state convention and New York as the place.

The Newberry Coal & Coke company at Morgantown, W. Va., failed for \$100,000.

Washington, Feb. 10.—The senate was not in session on Saturday. In the house the time was occupied in discussing the senate free-coinage substitute for the house bond bill. Mr. Towne (Minn.) made the principal speech in favor of free coinage and Mr. Hall (Mo.) against. It was decided to vote on the measure on the 12th.

FATTENING HOGS COSTS ONE CENT.

The editor recently heard of a farmer fattening hogs at less than one cent a pound. This was made possible through the sowing of Salzer's King Barley, yielding over 100 bu. per acre, Golden Triumph Corn, yielding 200 bu. per acre, and the feeding on Sand Vetch, Teosinte, Hundredfold Peas, etc. Now, with such yields, the growing of hogs is more profitable than a silver mine.

Salzer's catalogue is full of rare things for the farmer, gardener and citizen, and the editor believes that it would pay everybody a hundred-fold to get Salzer's catalogue before purchasing seeds.

IF YOU WILL CUT THIS OUT AND SEND IT WITH 10 CENTS postage to the John A. Salzer Seed Co., La Crosse, Wis., they will mail you their mammoth seed catalogue and 10 samples of grasses and grains, including above corn and barley. Catalogue alone, 5c postage. (K)

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that can not be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

J. J. CHENEY & Co., Props., Toledo, O. We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 18 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by their firm. WEST & TRUAX, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price 75c. per bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Testimonials free.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

"BLYKINS has his own way in his house." "Yes. But his wife always tells him what it is going to be beforehand."—Washington Star.

LET THE EARTH REJOICE AND farmers sing. With our new hardy grasses, clovers and fodder plants the poorest, most worn out, toughest, worst piece of land can be made as fertile as the valley of the Nile. Only takes a year or so! At the same time you will be getting big crops! Teosinte, Giant Spurry, Sacaline, Calthyrus, what a variety of names! Catalogue tells you!

IF YOU WILL CUT THIS OUT AND SEND IT TO THE JOHN A. SALZER SEED CO., LA CROSSE, WIS., WITH 14c. POSTAGE, YOU WILL GET FREE THEIR MAMMOTH CATALOGUE AND TEN GRASS AND FODDER SAMPLES (WORTH \$10.00 TO GET A START). THEY ARE FINE, THE EDITOR BELIEVES. (K)

REVOLUTIONS are not made, they come. A revolution is as natural a growth as an oak. It comes out of the past. Its foundations are laid far back.—Wendell Phillips.

Very Awkward Indeed.

This is precisely the kind of mistake a man makes if he "turns out" on the wrong side of the road when a vehicle comes toward him. No less absurd is the error of the individual who takes drastic medicines to relieve his liver. That organ is on the right side, and the road to its relief is Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, a medicine also adapted to the relief of dyspepsia, constipation, kidney and rheumatic ailments and malaria.

"Professor," said a graduate, trying to be pathetic at parting, "I am indebted to you for all I know." "Pray do not mention such a trifle," was the reply.

The Modern Way

Commends itself to the well-informed, to do pleasantly and effectually what was formerly done in the crudest manner and disagreeably as well. To cleanse the system and break up colds, headaches, and fevers without unpleasant after effects, use the delightful liquid laxative remedy, Syrup of Figs. Manufactured by California Fig Syrup Company.

McVicker's Theater, Chicago.

James A. Herne plays a long engagement early in February, when he will again appear in his successful comedy-drama, "Shore Acres."

HEBAND—"Dr. Foot, the chiropodist, will dine with us to-day." Wife—"All right; I'll order corned beef."

Schiller Theater, Chicago.

Feb. 9th, Hanlon's "Fantasma," new, bright and thoroughly up to date in every particular, will be the attraction.

WABASH—"My friend Rev. Dr. Hustle is up to date in his methods." Lakefront—"Yes!" Wabash—"He marries couples for the first time for nothing."—Truth.

THE Queen & Crescent is the only line operating a through sleeper to Florida via Asheville, N. C. Three car lines daily to Florida. Unequaled service.

SHE—"Papa has consented to a conservatory of the ballroom, and I've been planning it." He—"Indeed! What is it going to be filled with?" She—"Sofas."—Truth.

FITS stopped free by Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. No fits after first day's use. Marvelous cures. Treatise and \$2 trial bottle free. Dr. Kline, 331 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

"JABBER'S son, they say, could talk when only two weeks old." "That's nothing. The Bible says Job cursed the day he was born."—Judge.

THE New Orleans Limited, via the Queen & Crescent Route, makes the trip Cincinnati to New Orleans in 24 hours. 90 miles shortest line.

"HOW NICE to get such a hearty encore!" she said, as the half-back was called back after an 80-yard run.—Harvard Lampoon.

AFTER six years' suffering, I was cured by PISO'S CURE.—MARY THOMSON, 29 1/2 Ohio Ave., Allegheny, Pa., March 19, '94.

He that resolves upon any great and good end has by that very resolution sealed the chief barrier to it.—Tryon Edwards.

"BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES" will quickly relieve Bronchitis, Asthma, Catarrh and Throat Diseases. Sold only in boxes.

A DISTINCTION—"Didn't you tell me that Miss Design was an artist?" "Oh, no; I told you she painted."—Detroit Free Press.

HALL'S Honey of Horehound and Tar relieves whooping cough. Fike's Toothache Drops Cure in one minute.

He—"Charlotte, I love you; can you not return my affection?" She—"I'm afraid I'll have to, as I have no use for it."

BRECHAM'S PILLS for constipation 10c and 25c. Get the book (free) at your druggist's and go by it. Annual sales 6,000,000 boxes.

MERIT

Is what gives Hood's Sarsaparilla its great popularity, increasing sales and wonderful cures. The combination, proportion and process in preparing Hood's Sarsaparilla are unknown to other medicines, and make it peculiar to itself. It acts directly and positively upon the blood, and as the blood reaches every nook and corner of the human system, all the nerves, muscles, bones and tissues come under the beneficent influence of

Hood's Sarsaparilla

The One True Blood Purifier. All druggists.

Hood's Pills cure Liver Ills; easy to take, easy to operate. 25c.

ASK YOUR DEALER FOR

W. L. DOUGLAS

\$3. SHOE BEST IN THE WORLD. \$3.

If you pay \$4 to \$6 for shoes, examine the W. L. Douglas Shoe, and see what a good shoe you can buy for

OVER 100 STYLES AND WIDTHS.

CONGRESS, BUTTON, and LACE, made in all kinds of the best selected leather by skilled workmen. We make and sell more \$3 shoes than any other manufacturer in the world.

None genuine unless name and price is stamped on the bottom.

Ask your dealer for our \$5, \$4, \$3.50, \$2.50, \$2.25 Shoes; \$2.50, \$2 and \$1.75 for boys.

TAKE NO SUBSTITUTE. If your dealer cannot supply you, send to factory, enclosing price and 3c cents to pay carriage. State kind, style of toe (cap or plain), size and width. Our Custom Dept. will fill your order. Send for new illustrated Catalogue to Box 11.

W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

The Greatest Medical Discovery of the Age.

KENNEDY'S MEDICAL DISCOVERY

DONALD KENNEDY, of ROXBURY, MASS.

Has discovered in one of our common pasture weeds a remedy that cures every kind of Humor, from the worst Scrofula down to a common Pimple.

He has tried it in over eleven hundred cases, and never failed except in two cases (both thunder humor). He has now in his possession over two hundred certificates of its value, all within twenty miles of Boston. Send postal card for book.

A benefit is always experienced from the first bottle, and a perfect cure is warranted when the right quantity is taken.

When the lungs are affected it causes shooting pains, like needles passing through them; the same with the Liver or Bowels. This is caused by the ducts being stopped, and always disappears in a week after taking it. Read the label.

If the stomach is foul or bilious it will cause squeamish feelings at first. No change of diet ever necessary. Eat the best you can get, and enough of it. Dose, one tablespoonful in water at bed time. Sold by all Druggists.

Since 1861 I have been a great sufferer from catarrh.

I tried Ely's Cream Balm and to all appearances am cured. Terrible headaches from which I had long suffered are gone.—W. J. Hitchcock, Late Major U. S. Vol. 4, A. A. Gen., Buffalo, N. Y.

CATARRH

ELY'S CREAM BALM Opens and cleanses the Nasal Passages, Allays Pain and Inflammation, Heals the Sores, Protects the Membrane from Cold, Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell. The Balm is quickly absorbed and gives relief at once.

A particle is applied into each nostril and inhaled. Price 25 cents at Druggists or by mail. ELY BROTHERS, 57 Warren Street, New York.

VIRGINIA Farming Lands.

Best Property from the West and North-West.

...VIA... COLUMBUS, O.

NORFOLK & WESTERN R. R.

"HOME SURE" One-Way and Excursion Tickets. Write for State and County Map, Schedule and information before starting.

W. R. BENTLEY, Gen'l Pass. Agt. ALLEN HULL, Dist. Pass. Agt. ROANOKE, Va. CHICAGO, Ill.

FAYETTE COUNTY, WEST TENNESSEE

Come here for genial climate and big crops. See our farmers own homes here. A. J. BROWN, Sec'y, SUMMERSVILLE, Fayette County, Tennessee.

Farmers' Clubs.

Over 100 representative farmers from various sections of the lower peninsula met in annual meeting at Lansing of the Michigan Association of Farmers' clubs. Resolutions were adopted favoring woman suffrage, a general reduction in official fees and salaries of state officers; then printing of school textbooks by the state and furnishing them to school districts at cost; and to give state institutions only appropriations as are needed for practical and absolute necessities. Officers were chosen as follows: President, A. M. Kimmis, Jr., Wixom; vice president, J. T. Daniells, Union Home; secretary, B. F. Peckham, Parma.

Pardon for an Aged Convict.

Bartholomew Sands, one of the oldest convicts in the state prison, was pardoned by Gov. Rich on the unanimous recommendation of the pardon board. Sands was committed in September, 1869, to life imprisonment from Oakland county. He is now past 72 years of age and has long been an inmate of the prison hospital. He has but a short time to live, and his daughter has executed a bond to the state guaranteeing to take care of him.

Health in Michigan.

During the week ending February 1 reports sent in by 50 observers in various portions of the state indicated that pneumonia and typhoid fever increased, and diarrhea and erysipelas decreased in area of prevalence. Consumption was reported at 147 places, typhoid fever at 32, diphtheria at 37, scarlet fever at 36, measles at 17, whooping cough at 17 and smallpox at Detroit.

Get Ten Years Each.

Curley, Boot and Huntley, the convicts who were convicted in Jackson of assaulting Deputy Warden Northrup, were each sentenced to ten years in the state prison. That of Curley and Boot has commenced, they having nearly completed their former sentences. Huntley is serving a 20-years' sentence, dating from 1888. He will have ten years more to stay.

Promised to Leave Forever.

A mob of 30 infuriated men who had been searching for George Tio near Glendora, found their man. They refrained from lynching him on his promise that he would leave the county and not return. Tio is alleged to have caused his wife's death by inhuman treatment. He was arrested, but was released after his wife died, she being the only prosecuting witness.

Shot His Wife and Himself.

William Deering, a farm laborer near Jackson, shot his wife and himself. The woman was shot twice and would probably die. Deering's wound was not serious. He was captured at Eaton Rapids and taken to Jackson. He claimed to know nothing of the shooting. His wife left him last July and was living with a farmer named Simmonds.

Midgets Marry.

The city of Mason was excited over a marriage solemnized there, the contracting parties being Mary J. Gongaware, who resides a few miles from Mason, and N. G. W. Winner, of Monticello, Ill. The bride is 18 years old, 40 inches tall and weighs 65 pounds, while the groom is 26 years old, 40 inches tall and weighs 80 pounds.

Brief News Items.

Charles Ruppe, a land looker well known throughout the upper peninsula, attempted to commit suicide at Iron Mountain. He will recover. Laban Tyler, of Mattawan, was acquitted of the charge of attempting to wreck a Michigan Central passenger train on the ground that he is insane. Citizens of Hartford have formed an improvement association to secure the location of manufacturing industries. Walter Randolph, living in Union township, committed suicide by shooting himself. No cause was assigned. Mills Halthcock died at Calvin, aged 104 years. Canon Smith, a pioneer of Michigan, was killed at Edwardsburg by a kick from an unruly horse. Solomon O. Hunt, a veteran of the civil war, sought lodging in the jail at Petoskey and committed suicide during the night. Harvey Page, his wife and two young sons, aged three years and three months, were burned to death in their home in Marengo township, near Marshall. Officers of the Masonic Home association at Grand Rapids declare it will be closed probably April 1, and that no further effort will be made to maintain it until something is done for its support. The new First Presbyterian church at Battle Creek, costing completed \$20,000, was dedicated. Mrs. Knapp, aged 83, and L. D. Grinnell, aged 64, died at Coldwater. Six hundred conversions resulted at Albion during a series of union revival meetings. The Menominee Telephone company was granted a franchise by the council at Marinette. The residence of William Steele, one mile north of Ionia, was burned to the ground. It was erected in 1879 at a cost of \$25,000.

An Old Valentine. Of the heart of the long ago, faded and yellowed by time, you know, but cherished still in shadow and shine, cometh to me her valentine: Here is a couplet quaint and true: "The rose is red, The violet is blue," And I dream in the gloaming soft and low of the lass who penned it long ago. Little maid with the bluest eyes that ever danced beneath winter's skies; that ever kissed whose lips was told a soft kiss in a moonlit wold; to the sound of a kiss in a moonlit wold; but here is the rest of her rhyming true: "Love is sweet And so are you;" And a boy's cheeks flushed at the final line of a rustic sweetheart's valentine. Deep in the past, but dimly hid behind a soft eye's drooping lid, covers the arrow that Cupid keen shot at the Castle of Might-have been; and plumer still grows the couplet true—"The rose is red, The violet is blue," And laughter low, which is half divine, smiles across her valentine. With a cherished thought for the love it held I tenderly open each yellow fold, and my heart beats fast as it beat one day in a past that is hallowed and far away; I can see the eyes that were deep and blue; "Love is sweet And so are you;" So thought the lass as she penned each line, And sealed with a kiss her valentine. —T. C. Harbaugh, in Truth.

Donald's Valentine. IT'S illigant 'nd that's the truth, but none too illigant for the widdy McFadden," cried honest Donald O'Dillon, as he rapturously surveyed the bit of pasteboard covered with roses, tulips and poppies. "And the verses, Barney, read 'em again." "As swate as tulips and roses. My pretty, fair maiden, are you; As bright as the sun in the heavens, As dewdrops, tender and true." "That describes the widdy, precisely," interrupted Donald, excitedly. "I come to you hoping, yet falating. Your valentine faim I, woud be; If 'tis ye, keep on with your smiling, If 'tis no, return this to me." "Ye've foine taste, Barney, me b'y, 'nd when yer turn comes 'nd yer courten some swate crather loike the widdy, I'll do as much for ye. And now if ye'll jst do me the favor to present it this evening, I'll count this a foine day's work." "Present it yourself, Donald." "Faith, 'nd I'm that bashful I'd blush myself into a fever; ye won't go back on me now, Barney. Ye naden't go in unless ye plaze; ye kin wait at the door fer the answer." Simple Donald had never even heard of the courtship of Miles Standish else he might have thought twice before sending a stalwart youth, ten years his junior, to do his wooing for him. In his eyes, Barney Casey was naught but the "lad" brought with him from the old country; I doubt if he ever knew he was 23. "I've got to see Rodger about thrading work to-morrow, anyway," Barney said, slowly, after a moment's reflection. Barney always said everything slowly. "So ye's have." When Barney went out, Donald carefully scrubbed his hands and then took up the precious bit of pasteboard that Barney had ridden seven miles to procure. Eagerly he examined it over and over, trying to read from memory that wonderful poem. "It's a foine thing to be a schollard like Barney," he mused, longing to really read the mystic words. "It was a lucky day fer me when I coaxed him away from old Bally; 'nd a lucky thing for the b'y." "This'll fetch the widdy, I reckon; she's a sensible woman, a very sensible woman." Then he carefully folded the card in a bit of paper, and just at dusk Barney started on his mission. "What'll I say?" he queried. Donald reflected awhile, then answered pompously: "(Donald could be pompous when he had only Barney to face.) "Till her ez ye've brought her a valentine 'nd I want ter know if I kin come over to-morrow night." It was only a 20-minute walk for a youth like Barney, to the widow McFadden's claim, and all too soon he found himself at the door.

"Wish Donald O'Dillon 'ud do his own courtin'," he muttered, as he paused for a moment to glance through the uncurtained window. "It makes home outen a place ter hev a woman around," he continued to himself, as he watched the widow deftly washing the supper dishes. She looked buxom enough in the uncertain light of an open wood fire and one tallow candle. A sound very like a sigh escaped Barney's lips as he gave a vigorous thump on the door. "Come in," called the widow, thinking the summons was from her little boy, who had gone to the barn a few minutes before. Somewhat abashed, Barney walked in. Looking around, Mrs. McFadden gave a little scream, then hastened to explain, meanwhile hospitably proffering a chair. "I brought yez a valentine." The words fairly tripped over each other as they came out of Barney's mouth, and he rather collapsed than sat down in the chair. He had spoken, fast for once, but had never felt so "dustrated" before. All smiles and blushes, the widow proceeded to open the package, declaring the while that he was fooling her, that nobody would trouble to give her a valentine, though she used to get plenty of them. As the wrapping fell off, she burst into exclamations of admiration and delight equaling Donald's own. Again Barney was mentally berating the latter for not doing his own courting. Blushing the widow read the verses through twice, then turned a beaming countenance on Barney. "This is a great surprise to me, Mr. Casey, but a most agreeable one. I shall keep the valentine," she added, shyly, extending her hand toward him. He took it; what else could he do? his face like scarlet and his heart beating so loud he was sure she must hear it. "I shall tell Donald 'tis yis, thin?" "Certainly yez may." "He said ez he wanted to come over ther morrow evening." "Any time he likes." A boyish whistle in the "near" distance caused the widow's blushes to deepen. "'Tis Rodger," she said, sweetly. "Shall I till the b'yes to onct 'nd have done?" covered his confusion and the opportunity was gone. He forgot his errand with Rodger, and escaped as soon as possible, though they all seemed loath to leave him go. Once alone in the seen night air, poor Barney apostrophized something after this fashion: "The howly saints preserve me, what hiv I done! To think of her taken me up loike this! I'm a ruined man—Donald 'll never forgive me. Faith 'nd if he strokes me dead I won't blame him—poor sowl! Bless her purty face, but she's illigant though. Barney Casey, yez was born to luck. Howly Moses! 't's not meself ez can go home the night. I b'lave she means to marry me, sure, 'nd it's meself that's long sighed fer her in secret, but knowen ez Donald hed his eye on her I'd never hev tried courten her fer meself. Faith 'nd I belave courten and poppen the question is a bit o' bizness every man had better attend to for himself." It took almost an hour for Barney Casey to go over the way that, earlier in the evening, had been traversed in 20 minutes. When he came in sight of the shanty and saw Donald pacing impatiently about within he fairly cursed the pretty widow and his own good fortune. Donald paused to stir up the fire, and Barney hurried in while his back was toward the door; but when Donald turned a face full of expectancy upon him he sank onto a stool, covering his face with his hands. "By all the saints, Barney, don't tell me she refused," groaned poor Donald, his arms hanging helplessly by his side, his lower jaw dropping, his whole attitude one of fear and suspense. It was then that Barney, lifting his head, fully realized how much his news would mean to his benefactor. Like a flash came the remembrance of all this man had done for him, of the miserable existence he had snatched him from, of the many times he had gone hungry that he might be fed, of the almost mother love he had given him; and a sudden resolve formed in his soul. Indeed, at that moment this untutored Irish lad (madly in love with the widow as he had long been) arose to the heights of a hero. "It's all right, Donald, b'y" (he felt as if he himself had aged years in the last two hours). "She didn't send the valentine back 'nd she said ez yez could come over when yez plaze."



"I BROUGHT YEZ A VALENTINE."

"Yez kin use yer plashure," drawled the youth in some surprise, feeling rather gratified than otherwise that she should treat him so kindly and consult him so deferentially. There was a stamping of feet outside, and two ruddy Irish lads, the one ten, the other about 16, came noisily in. "Hillo!" shouted Rodger, the elder, catching sight of Barney; then he stared in astonishment as he noticed his stop-mother standing beside him, smiling and rosy, a large card in her hand. "Is't a litter ye've got, sure?" he asked. "No, b'ys, it's no litter, it's a valentine; 'nd a great joy has come to yer mither 'nd yez, sure, this day; 'nd now I'll introduce yez to yer father, that is to be, Barney Casey, sure." "Hoony!" cried little Dan, throwing up his cap and turning a somersault; but Barney did not notice anything that was going on, he simply tried to open his lips to say something to correct the awful mistake, but no words came; indeed he could not think of a single thing to say, but his bronzed face grew actually pale, and he trembled like a man in a chill. But he trembled like a man in a chill. But he trembled like a man in a chill. In his joy Donald forgot for a time how pale and quiet Barney was and how queer he had acted when he first came in; but by and by he said: "Yez seems to be cut up the evening, my b'y; what ails yez?" "I jist feel a bit faint—sort o' gone in my stomach." "It's the bit of a tonic yez needs, Barney, a sup of beer or the loike." Neither man slept much that night. Donald was too happy and too full of plans for the future; Barney too miserable and too anxious as to the outcome of his one little plan for the morning. Donald fell asleep toward morning and the younger man, dressing noiselessly, slipped out of the house, running every step of the way to the McFadden claim. He was sorely afraid his courage would forsake him or words fall him. Possibly the widow did not look quite as youthful and enchanting in the cloudy morning light, her hair badly rumpled and her toilet carelessly made. Rodger was "doing chores" and Dan was still asleep. Everything favored the wretched confession poor Barney had to make. The widow listened in surprise, but seemed not half as much put out as the poor fellow had supposed she would; in fact, he had no need for the long list of arguments he had arranged to help win the "lost cause."

"'Nd the b'ys," Barney added. "Donald must never even surmise there was a mistake." "I'll manage them—leave it to me," she answered, confidently. "And after all a match between Donald and meself is more fitting," she added; "the loikes of yez should wait fer some swate young gurl." Barney was home and had the fire kindled before Donald fairly awoke from pleasant dreams that were but a continuation of his waking ones. Donald found the day as long as ever impatient lover did, but evening came at last and early twilight saw him on his way; nor was there aught in the widow's greeting to make him surmise that her dreams of the night before had been of other than himself. There was a wedding in a fortnight, but Barney steadfastly refused to make one of the happy family at the McFadden claim. The widow's house was much more comfortable and pretentious than the O'Dillon's, but Barney declared "the owld shanty" was good enough for a bachelor like himself. All this is two years past and now Barney is fixing up the shanty, while carefully hidden away is a valentine, ten times finer than the one Donald sent the widow, intended, we mistrust, for the pretty daughter of a neighbor living a couple of miles beyond the widow's claim. "Ah, it's well that ends well," and as Donald O'Dillon has been oftentimes heard to say: "It jist takes a valentine to fetch 'em."—Velma C. Melville, in Farm, Field and Fireside.

VALENTINE DAY.

Some Interesting Facts in Regard to the Observance of This Holiday.

The 14th day of February, popularly known as St. Valentine's day, is remarkable as being a festival which has no connection with the one from whom it takes its name. There is more than one saint of that name, but in all the legends connected with them there is no trace of the practice peculiar to the day. Bishop Valentine, with whom the day is most generally connected, was martyred at Rome, in the third century, being first beaten with clubs and then beheaded. The greater part of his remains are preserved in the church of St. Praxedes, at Rome, where a gate—now the Porta del Popolo—was formerly named from him "Porto Valentini." It is most probable that the custom may have descended to us from the ancient Romans, who, during the Lupercalia (celebrated in the month of February), used to put the names of young women into a box, from which they were drawn by the men as chance directed. With the advent of Christianity, this pagan custom survived in common with many others, and the church, finding it impossible to extirpate it, gave it a religious aspect. The names of the certain saints were substituted for those of the women, and the one which was drawn became the patron saint for that year, and was termed a "valentine." From this the custom advanced until it became an annual festival, generally celebrated in England, Scotland, and in different parts of the continent of Europe, particularly Lorraine and Maine in France. On the eve of St. Valentine's day a number of young people would assemble together and inscribe on little billets the names of an equal number of maids and bachelors of their acquaintance, throw the whole into a receptacle of some sort and then draw them, by lot, care of course being taken that each should draw one of the opposite sex, the person thus drawn becoming a valentine for a year. It naturally followed that the young men would feel it incumbent to give his valentine a present, which she reciprocated with a flower, or some such token. Up to the 15th century it was customary for both sexes to make each other presents, but latterly the obligation was restricted to young men. All this, of course, has nothing to do with the martyred Bishop Valentine, or any other of that name; but it really makes no difference, since the day has greatly degenerated from its former observance. With the introduction of so-called "comic" valentines, the day lost caste. A comic valentine is usually nothing but a gross libel, couched in coarse rhyme, and no sensible person will send one under any circumstances. The practice is not witty, and can accomplish no good purpose. There are, to be sure, very pretty and appropriate valentines, which may be sent with propriety, and which are received with pleasure; but even here the custom has received a set-back, since there is a tendency to make the valentines so costly that many people who cannot afford to compete with other and richer friends do not send valentines at all. The day is interesting, however, as a survival of a very ancient festival, and it will doubtless survive for many years in a modified form. Of late the custom is growing of substituting little gifts such as gloves, ribbons and other articles dear to the feminine heart, for the printed cards, and in time to come we may see something like another Christmas or New Year's day. At present its observance can be made cheerful or otherwise, according to the good taste of the observer, and it is hoped that no self-respecting boy or girl will take advantage of the day to wound an enemy or insult a friend.—Golden Days.

VALENTINES



R. S. ARMSTRONG & CO.

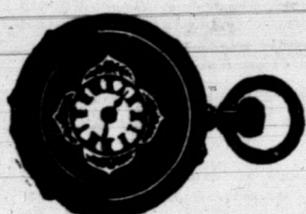
What Do You Expect to Find

In a first-class meat market? The first thing is the class of meat kept in stock—whether it is nice, tender and juicy, or tough as a 10-year old Texas steer. Being satisfied on this point, you begin to look around as to the cleanliness of the market and clerks. We would be pleased to have you call and put us to this test. We pride ourselves on our cleanliness, and all our meats will be found first-class and the best in the market. Our prices will always be found just right, too.

ADAM EPPLER.

Highest market price paid for hides and tallow.

READY ON TIME



Couldn't have been so without an accurate time-piece.

Whether it is a clock, watch or piece of jewelry you want, you can be sure of its reliability if you buy from us.

L. & A. E. WINANS, Chelsea.

200,000 WEAK MEN CURED!

STARTLING FACTS FOR DISEASED VICTIMS.

CURES GUARANTEED OR NO PAY!

ARE YOU? Nervous and depondent; weak or debilitated; tired mornings; noambition—lifeless; memory poor; easily fatigued; excitable and irritable; eyes sunken, red and blurred; pimples on face; dreams and night losses; restless; haggard looking; weak back; bone pains; hair loose; ulcers; sore throat; varicocele; deposit in urine and drains at stool; distrustful; want of confidence; lack of energy; and strength—**WE CAN CURE YOU!**

RESTORED TO MANHOOD BY DRs. K. & K.

JOHN A. MANLIN, JOHN A. MANLIN, CHAR. POWERS, CHAR. POWERS.



BEFORE TREATMENT. AFTER TREATMENT. BEFORE TREATMENT. AFTER TREATMENT.
NO NAMES OR TESTIMONIALS USED WITHOUT WRITTEN CONSENT.

VARICOCELE, EMISSIONS AND IMPOTENCY CURED.
specialists to all my afflicted fellowmen.

CURES GUARANTEED OR NO PAY.—CONFIDENTIAL.

"The vices of early boyhood laid the foundation of my ruin. Later on a 'gay life' and exposure to blood diseases completed the wreck. I had all the symptoms of Nervous Debility—sunken eyes, emissions, drain in urine, nervousness, weak back, etc. Syphilis caused my hair to fall out, bone pains, ulcers in mouth and on tongue, blotches on body, etc. I thank God I tried Drs. Kennedy & Kergan. They restored me to health, vigor and happiness."—CHAR. POWERS.

Syphilis, Emissions Varicocele, Cured.
We treat and cure Varicocele, Emissions, Nervous Debility, Seminal Weakness, Gleet, Stricture, Syphilis, Unnatural Discharges, Self Abuse, Kidney and Bladder Diseases.

17 YEARS IN DETROIT. 200,000 CURED. NO RISK.

READER! Are you a victim? Have you lost hope? Are you contemplating marriage? Has your blood been diseased? Have you any weakness? Our New Method Treatment will cure you. What it has done for others it will do for you. CONSULTATION FREE. No matter who has treated you, write for an honest opinion free of charge (charges reasonable). BOOKS FREE—"The Golden Monitor" (illustrated), on Diseases of Men. Inclose postage, 2 cents. Sealed.

DRS. KENNEDY & KERGAN, No. 148 SHELBY ST. DETROIT, MICH.

Chelsea and Vicinity.

More sleighing.
David Blach, Sr., is quite ill.
Chas. Helmrich is on the sick list.
Jas. Allen left last Friday for Nebraska.
Peter Oesterle has purchased the Bauer farm.
C. L. Staffan was in Saline Monday on business.
L. Z. Foerster, of Ypsilanti, was in town Tuesday.
Dr. R. S. Armstrong is spending a few weeks in Florida.
Miss Almada Parks spent Sunday with friends in Jackson.
A. R. Congdon was in Dexter and Ann Arbor last Monday.
Samuel Hoelschwerdt has returned home from California.
Albert Hindelang has been on the sick list for the past week.
Deputy Sheriff Wood, of Ann Arbor, was in town Tuesday.
Mr. and Mrs. L. T. Freeman visited Manchester friends Wednesday.
Irving Atkins, of Hillsdale, was the guest of Dick Clark the past week.
H. G. Ives and wife, of Gregory, were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. B. Parker this week.

Mrs. William Ranciman, who has been in poor health for some time, is somewhat better.

The regular meeting of the W. R. C. will be held on Friday afternoon, Feb. 14, at 2:30 o'clock.

Morris Eisenbiser, of Waterloo, who lost his house by fire last fall, will build a new one in the spring.

Mr. and Mrs. Emory Fletcher, of Jackson, called on relatives and friends in this vicinity the past week.

It will soon be time to hold caucuses and nominate suitable men for the various village offices from president down.

A burning chimney in the residence of Mrs. John Van Riper called out the fire department last Monday night. No damage.

The ladies of St. Paul's church will hold a necktie social at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Fred Sager next Monday evening. Everybody invited.

All those who subscribed to the Soldiers' Monument Fund on Decoration Day, 1895, are requested to call on J. A. Palmer at Kempf Bros' bank.

Mr. and Mrs. C. T. Conklin returned from Williamston Tuesday evening, having spent a number of days in that vicinity visiting relatives and friends.

Frank Staffan & Son are building and filling an ice house at Cavanaugh Lake this week. The ice will be used to supply their customers the coming summer.

Jacob Zang and Geo. Nisle, of Manchester, Joseph Quay, of Cleveland, O., and Bert Johnson, of Otsego, were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. C. Spiragle last Sunday.

The Stockbridge Sun says nearly money enough has been subscribed for a new church at Mt. Hope, in West Waterloo. It will cost about \$600 and be erected in the spring.

The L. O. T. M. will hold a carpet-rag social at Maccabee Hall Wednesday evening, Feb. 19. Each lady bring a ball of carpet rags with their name wound inside. A cordial invitation extended to all.

The Young Men's Lyceum will be addressed next Monday night at eight o'clock by Prof. Geo. Rebec, of the University, on the relation of the brain to thought. The subject is one of unusual interest, and will be interestingly treated. All are invited. Admission five cents.

The Michigan Central railway will hereafter charge three cents a mile, and if the distance traveled is seven miles, the fare will be 21 cents instead of 20 or 25 cents as heretofore. The companies made even change, and perhaps the passenger got the benefit as often as the company did.

During the next two years every railroad in the country must equip its cars with couplers that are automatic, so brakemen will not have to go between the cars. This law was passed by Congress three years ago and gave the railroads five years to make the change. The Michigan Central Railroad and Grand Trunk Railroad are giving the automatic coupler invented by a Detroit man a trial.

The men's meeting next Sunday afternoon will be held in the Methodist church at 8:30 o'clock. It will be addressed by Rev. J. H. Girdwood. The meetings thus far have been well attended and of great interest. There have been over one hundred in attendance. An earnest invitation is extended to all to provide themselves with tickets and be present. Tickets can be had at Cummings', Knapp's and Glazier's stores by all men over thirteen years of age.

Council Proceedings.

[OFFICIAL]

Chelsea, Jan. 2, 1896.

Board met in council room.
Meeting called to order by President.
Roll call by Clerk.
Trustees Present—Schenk, Riemenschneider, Glazier, Pierce and Mensing.
Trustees Absent—Foster.
Minutes of previous meeting read and approved.
Treasurer's report.

Cash on hand Dec. 2.....\$885 43
Cash received during December... 20 57
Orders paid out..... 208 92
Amount on hand Jan. 1, 1896..... 700 07

Moved and carried that the Treasurer's report be accepted and placed on file.
The following bills were presented.

Jas. Ackerson, drawing fire engines to four fires.....\$ 4 00
Thompson & Harriman, fees in the West case..... 10 00
Thos. Leach, for 56 loads gravel... 2 80
A. C. Pierce, salary for month of December..... 45 00
Ed. Chandler, salary for Deputy Marshal..... 5 00

Moved and supported that the above bills be allowed:

Ayes—Schenk, Riemenschneider, Glazier, Mensing and Pierce.
Nays—None.

Moved and carried that the village attorney be directed to call on the saloonists of the village and acquaint them with the recent decision of the Supreme Court, and to request them to conform to the law, as sustained by said decision, in regard to keeping open illegal hours.

On motion Board adjourned.
G. W. BACKWYR, President.
FRED W. RODEL, Clerk.

List of Patents

Granted to Michigan inventors this week, reported by C. A. Snow & Co., solicitors of American and foreign patents, opposite United States patent office, Washington, D. C.:

G. Carlyle, Detroit, button-making machine; A. W. Finlayson, Detroit, steam generator; F. G. Fisher, Battle Creek, perfuming device; E. N. Grigware, Cassville, railway frog; C. H. Land, Detroit, apparatus for focusing flame; C. C. Mangel, Bay City, air and steam feeding device for furnaces; C. J. Schwarze, Adrian, telephone apparatus; J. A. Sears, Escanaba, washboard holder; T. T. Wood, St. Joseph, brick machine.

Notice.

Remember all book accounts must be settled by Feb. 15, 1896.
C. E. WHITAKER.

Lima Beans.

Rodney Freer and wife visited relatives in this vicinity part of last week.

Several attended the dance at Whitmore Lake last Wednesday evening.

Several have availed themselves of the cold weather and harvested their ice during the past week.

C. R. Smith returned from Cadillac Wednesday morning, where he has been spending a few weeks with his father, who has been very ill. He reports his father as improving.

Eyesight Made Perfect.

Prof. Hagadorn, the eye specialist at the Boyd House, can now refer you to Chelsea people whose eyes have been a puzzle to other specialists, but who have found perfect relief with him. To-morrow and Saturday will be the last opportunity to consult him for three months. It will cost you nothing to see what he can do for you. Then employ him or not, as you please.

Free Pills.

Send your address to H. E. Bucklen & Co., Chicago, and get a free sample box of Dr. King's New Life Pills. A trial will convince you of their merits. These pills are easy in action and are particularly effective in the cure of Constipation and Sick Headache. For Malaria and Liver troubles they have proved invaluable. They are guaranteed to be perfectly free from every deleterious substance and to be purely vegetable. They do not weaken by their action, but by giving tone to stomach and bowels greatly invigorate the system. Regular size 25c per box. Sold by F. P. Glazier, Druggist.

A woman's character has been likened to a postage stamp—one black mark ruins it. Man's like a treasury note; no matter how many stains it still passes at par. When a woman falls from grace her character is usually ruined forever, while on the other hand a man may straighten up and be received into the best society again. Why is it thus?

WHITE,
LIGHT
AND

NUTRITIOUS

Is the Bread made from

JACKSON

GEM

FLOUR.

WARRANTED.

The most popular brand of flour sold in Chelsea.

FREEMAN'S.

Dr. W. A. CONLAN
DENTIST.

Office Over Glazier's Drug Store,
CHELSEA, MICHIGAN.

G. W. Palmer,
PHYSICIAN

AND
SURGEON.

Office over Kempf's new bank, Chelsea.

H. W. SCHMIDT,
Physician & Surgeon.

SPECIALTIES:—Diseases of the Nose, Throat, Eye and Ear.
OFFICE HOURS:—10 to 12 and 2 to 5. 17

R. McCOLGAN,
Physician and Surgeon.

Graduate of Philadelphia Polyclinic in diseases of eye, ear and throat.
Office and residence corner Main and Park streets, Chelsea.

Operative, Prosthetic and Ceramic Dentistry in all their branches. Teeth examined and advice given free. Special attention given to children's teeth: Nitrous oxide and Local Anesthetic used in extracting. Permanently located.
H. H. AVERY, D. D. S.
Office over Kempf Bro's Bank.

WM. S. HAMILTON,
Veterinary Surgeon,

Supplies Conditioning Powders for animals debilitated by disease or overwork. Special attention given to Lameness and Horse Dentistry. Mouths examined free. Office and Residence on Park Street across from Methodist church, Chelsea, Mich.

N. E. FREER,
Attorney at Law and Notary Public.

All legal business given prompt attention.
Office in the Turnbull & Wilkinson Building, Chelsea, Mich.

TAKE THE BEST
SHILOH'S CURE
 CURE FOR COUGHS
 SOLD BY
R. S. ARMSTRONG & CO.

Grand Opera House,
JACKSON.
MALDRO & TODD Managers.

Matinee and Night—Matinee at 2:30.
 GRAND HOLIDAY ATTRACTION
 WASHINGTON'S BIRTHDAY.
 Saturday, February 22.
 A play in which human interest out-
 shone everything else.—New York
 Times.
 James A. Herne's Beautiful Play,
"SHORE ACRES."
 New scenery and Novel Mechanical
 Effects.
 PRICES—Matinee, 25 and 50 cents.
 Night, 50c, 75c, \$1.00.
 A 32-page illustrated book of "Shore
 Acres" will be mailed to any one on
 receipt of 2 cents in stamps.
 Coming soon: "1492," with the original
 New York cast. Living Pictures, etc.

CHELSEA STEAM LAUNDRY.
 We put new neckbands on
 old shirts and make them
 nearly as good as new for
 only 10 cents each.

CHELSEA STEAM LAUNDRY.
 Proprietor of the
Barber Shop & Bath Rooms
 Babcock building, N. Main St.
CHELSEA, MICHIGAN.

FRANK SLAVER,
 Proprietor of the
Barber Shop & Bath Rooms
 Babcock building, N. Main St.
CHELSEA, MICHIGAN.

The Parlor Barber Shop,
 Chelsea, Mich.
 Good work and close attention to busi-
 ness is my motto. With this in view, I
 hope to secure, at least, part of your
 patronage.
GEO. EDER, Prop.



GEO. E. DAVIS,
 Everybody's
 Auctioneer.
 Headquarters
 at
HERALD OFFICE.
 Auction Bills furnish-
 ed Free.

Zero and Thats.

The Florida girl for whom two young men killed each other is reported as "unmoved." Young men, if they were more observing and less passionate, might learn much from young women.

An exchange says that a certain man who has managed to read his local paper without paying a cent for it is at work on a scheme to cross the milkweed with the strawberry for the purpose of raising strawberries and cream.

A young man in Lowell, Mass., troubled for years with a constant succession of boils on his neck, was completely cured by taking only three bottles of Ayer's Sarsaparilla. Another result of the treatment was greatly improved digestion with increased avoirdupois.

If you want some good sound reading you can get the following: Century, Frank Leslie's, Review of Reviews, Munsey's, Godey's, Metropolitan, Cosmopolitan, Ladies' Home Journal, and other periodicals. Now for sale by A. E. Winans. Subscriptions taken for all magazines and newspapers.

One of the best disinfectants in a sick room is a basin of fresh water. Water is a great absorbent of noxious gases. Water that has stood open in the bedroom soon gathers impurities and is unfit to drink. A wide-mouthed vessel of pure water will often do more to bring refreshing sleep to a nervous patient than will an opiate. This is not a theory, but experience.

A learned doctor, in urging people to keep the mouth shut and breathe through the nose, says that the many profound anfractuosities of the nose are well fitted to warm and filter the air before it goes into your lungs. When, therefore, you are tempted to hold your mouth open like a jumpkin and breathe that way, just remember your profound anfractuosities and stop it.

A collar button of gold aluminum is being placed on the market. It is made out of one piece of metal (no solder being used), and is warranted not to bend or break. It takes a metal expert to tell the difference between the button and a genuine gold one, and the gold aluminum button is guaranteed not to blacken linen. The button is made by a machine and passes through nine different actions before finished.

The old legend, "Pike's Peak or Bust," which used to adorn the canvas covers of emigrant wagons in the old days, has been succeeded by various signs appropriate to the changed and changing location of the boomers' paradise. A big prairie schooner passed through Osborne, bound east from Oklahoma last week, bearing the inscription: "Oklahoma for starvation, Kansas for desolation, Texas for devastation, Nebraska for damnation. Going to Ohio to sponge on wife's relation. To hell with the democratic administration."—Kansas City Star.

Telling character by the laugh is the latest fad. An authority declares: "There are as many laughs as there are vowels. Children, who laugh on A (the broad sound as in father), laugh openly and frankly. The laugh in E (as in fete) is appropriate to melancholy dispositions. The I (as in machine) is the habitual laugh of naive, slavish, timid or irresolute persons. The O indicates generosity and hardihood. Shun like a pestilence those that laugh in U; it is the tone of misers and hypocrites." There is some truth in these rules, in spite of their exaggeration.

From the Grass Lake News: "Mike Rank, of Francisco, came rushing into town the other day yelling for Dr. Hale. He was the most excited man seen in all Michigan since the Crouch murder. The doctor was found, and the twain swept to the east like the vibrations of an earthquake. When the doctor returned we ascertained it was a 9½ pound boy. As for Mike, he walks right over the buildings at Francisco, and even his old neighbors can't touch him with a 10-foot pole. It is singular how a little thing like that will elevate a man."

Pension appropriations as reported to the house for the next fiscal year are slightly below those for the current year, amounting to \$141,325,820. The bill carrying the appropriation provides that in expending it during the fiscal year covered, whenever a claim for pension under the act of June 27, 1890, has been or shall hereafter be rejected, suspended or dismissed, because of any defect or informality in the application, and a new application shall have been or shall hereafter be filed, and a pension has been or shall hereafter be allowed in such claim, such pension shall date from the time of filing the first application, provided the evidence in the case shall show the disability to have existed or to exist at the time of filing such first application, anything in any law or rulings of the department to the contrary notwithstanding.

Washington Letter.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 7, 1896.—The half-billion dollars which investors offered to put into United States coin bonds this week, when the bids for that \$100,000,000 issue of bonds were opened, spoke in thunder tones, which were heard around the world, of the soundness of the credit of the United States. And that wasn't all that this enormous amount of money said, and when money talks it is usually listened to. It gave the lie direct, backed by the indisputable evidence of hard cash, to the statements made in and out of Congress by men in authority that it would be impossible for this government to float a large issue of bonds without erasing "coin" and substituting "gold" on the face of them. It is worthy of note, too, that the very money kings who started the "gold" bond idea, and whose "advice" was responsible for all the statements made against coin bonds, in Congress and elsewhere, were bidders for these same coin bonds. Unfortunate as it is that this enormous issue of bonds should have to be made in time of proposed peace, many people think the object lesson thereby taught is worth the price.

The Senate has entered into a game of politics, pure and simple, and Populists hold the winning trumps. The Republicans are being given a lesson against biting off more than they could chew, when they reorganized the committees and became responsible for legislation. The first trick in the game was taken when Senator Jones, of Nevada, voted with the Democrats of the Finance Committee, and had a substitute providing for the free coinage of silver, reported for the House tariff bill. No sooner was this done than the policy of the Democrats became plain. They propose to use the free silver substitute to try to kill the tariff bill, and to do so they have all become for the time silver men. This resulted in uniting the Republicans, the silver Republicans being more anxious to pass the tariff bill, which may possibly become a law, than to pass the free coinage substitute, which cannot possibly become a law. The Populist Senators by voting as a unit can decide this game either way. If they divide, the tariff bill will win and pass.

The friends of Senator Allison are making the loudest claims of being benefited by ex-President Harrison's announcement that he would not be a candidate for the Presidential nomination of his party, but the friends of Speaker Reed, Gov. Morton, ex-Gov. McKinley and the others who are open or implied candidates seem to think that they also have been benefited. There is little doubt that Mr. Harrison would prefer Senator Allison to any other of the candidates, but there are several weighty reasons why he is not likely to make that preference known. While not a candidate, Mr. Harrison must recognize, in common with others, that a contingency may arise in the convention which might result in his being nominated. For that reason and others he is not likely to express a preference among the candidates; he wants the friendship of them all.

The annual meeting of the Supreme Council of the National Farmers' Alliance and Industrial Union met in Washington this week. As usual the business was transacted behind closed doors, only a part of what was done being given out by the press committee. The organization is reported to be in a much more prosperous condition than it was at its last meeting. The council, while disclaiming the intention to drag the organization into party politics, declared in favor of the free coinage of silver. Among the well-known people who delivered addresses at the several open meetings was ex-Congressman Jerry Simpson, of Kansas. Maj. Mann Page, of Virginia, was elected president.

The A. P. A. has been trying its power in both branches of Congress. It made a hard fight in the Senate on the nomination of Gen. Coppinger, but when the vote was taken there were less than 20 against the confirmation of Gen. Coppinger's nomination. Nothing dismayed, it began a fight, under the leadership of Representative Halner, of Nebraska, in the House, on the appropriations in the District of Columbia bill for sectarian charities in Washington, and won a victory; but whether it is only temporary remains to be seen when the bill comes back from the committee, to which it was committed by vote of the House.

The October term of the United States Supreme Court was concluded this week, and an adjournment taken to March 2nd. Two hundred and seventeen cases were disposed of during the term, against 165 at last year's term. Before adjourning the court set the third Monday in March for the arguments in the sugar bounty cases, appealed from the Louisiana courts.

The Senate Judiciary Committee has reported a substitute for the resolution

offered by Senator Call, of Florida, directing that an investigation of the imprisonment of Eugene V. Debs be made. The substitute directs the Judiciary Committee to investigate all laws bearing upon "contempt of court," and to report whether any additional legislation is needed for the protection of the rights of citizens.

The Senate Committee on Foreign Relations, probably realizing the humbuggery of that long Cuban resolution reported the other day, has reported a substitute which is shorter and which means something. This substitute declares it to be the opinion of Congress that a state of war exists in Cuba, and that the United States should maintain a strict neutrality between the contending powers, and accord to each all the rights of belligerents. That is as far as Congress has a constitutional right to go. It is for the executive branch of the government to recognize the belligerency of the revolutionists; and after Congress adopts the resolution the President will probably do so.

Auction.
 Having sold the farm I will sell at public auction, on the premises, one mile south of Chelsea, on Thursday, Feb. 20, 1896, commencing at 10 a. m., the following, viz: Three horses, consisting of one pair mares 7 and 8 years old, sound, right and ready for business; one gray gelding, weight about 1200; 1 full-blood Durham cow with calf by her side, 1 half-blood Jersey, coming in in the spring and giving milk now; 1 half-blood Jersey coming in in April, 1 two-year-old heifer coming in, 1 two-year-old Durham heifer, 1 six months old heifer, ½ Jersey; 26 ewes in lamb by coarse wool buck, 18 fat coarse wool lambs, 1 registered coarse wool buck, 12 about, 150 chickens, 1 wide tire wagon, 1 narrow tire wagon, 1 platform spring buggy, 1 fine Surrey, 2 single carriages, 1 road cart, 1 pair bobs, 2 cutters 1 Chambion binder, 1 wabble gear Cham' pion mower, 1 hay tedder, 1 wheel horse rake, 1 hay rack, 1 root cutter, 1 11-hoe drill, 1 spring tooth harrow, 1 40-tooth drag, 2 steel frame single cultivators, 1 road scraper, 1 fanning mill, 1 pair platform scales, 1 corn sheller, 2 sets heavy double harness, 1 light double harness, 2 sets single harness, 10 tons hay, a quantity of corn stalks, 400 bushels corn, forks, hoes, chains, etc., with all the usual articles that belong on a farm.

Terms of sale—All sums of \$5 or under cash down. All sums of \$5 one year's time on good approved endorsed bankable paper at six per cent interest.

Everything advertised will go to the highest bidder, and the terms must be complied with. All property must be settled for before leaving the ground.

Lunch at noon.
 H. I. DAVIS.
 GEO. E. DAVIS, Salesman.

Revered the Sabbath.
 Hundreds of anecdotes about public men are known to the newspaper men. In the crush and whirl they frequently are overlooked. Mr. Cleveland, for instance, as much as he likes to fish, would not fish on Sunday. He is like the son of a Presbyterian clergyman. He has fished all over New York state and at Buzzard's Bay. He was taught early in life not to fish on Sunday. Like the average small boy, he played "hooky" in his early days, but since he became president one of his friends in Washington said the other day he would no more think of fishing on Sunday than of jumping through a window in the White House. His friend explained that he would not fish on Sunday for the simple reason that it would be a bad example to the boys of America.—New York Sun.

Mrs. T. S. Hawkins, Chattanooga, Tenn says "Shiloh's Vitalizer saved my life. I consider it the best remedy I ever used." For Dyspepsia, Liver or Kidney trouble it excels. Price 75 cts. Sold by Armstrong & Co.

A Matter of Opinion.
 A gentleman was greatly surprised and pleased the other day at the reply a lady gave to the question: "Do you plant Vick's seeds?" Her answer was: "I always plant Vick's seeds in the front yard, but we get cheap seeds in the back yard, which I know is a mistake."
 It pays to plant good seeds, and we advise our friends who are thinking of doing anything in this line to send 10 cents for Vick's Floral Guide for 1896. This amount may be deducted from the first order. James Vick's Sons, Rochester, N. Y., are the pioneers in this line.

Karl's Clover Root, the great Blood purifier gives freshness and clearness to the complexion and cures Constipation, 25 cts., and \$1.00. Sold by Armstrong & Co.

FISH!
Largest Stock!
Lowest Prices!

The Lenten season is now at hand, and you should begin to look around and see where you can get the
Best Goods for the Least Money.
 We claim our stock is the most complete ever shown in Chelsea, and can save you money on every dollar's worth of fish you buy.
 Every pound of fish put out by us will be guaranteed.

Trout
 In 10-pound pails, two sizes.
Whitefish.
 These we have by the pound or in 10, 20 and 40 pound kegs.
Our list of 10-pound packages.
 No. 1 whitefish, family whitefish, No. 1 mackerel, No. 2 mackerel, No. 1 trout, siscos, Holland herring, etc.
Don't buy until you get our prices.
 New codfish, dried herring, halibut, Finan haddie; also a complete line of canned fish.
 Extra low prices to users of 35, 50 and 100 pound kegs
 Have you tried our Reception Flakes, put up in 1 pound packages? Also fresh Graham Wafers.

J. W. Beissel.
F. & A. M.
 Regular meetings of Olive Lodge, No. 156, F. & A. M., for 1896:
 Jan. 28; Feb. 25; Mar. 25; April 21; May 26; June 23; July 21; Aug. 18; Sept. 15; Oct. 20; Nov. 17; annual meeting and election of officers Dec. 15. J. D. SCHNAITMAN, Sec.

Carriage Painting and Upholstering.

We have opened a shop over Staffan's carriage emporium, just north of Chelsea House, and are prepared to do all kinds of carriage and cutter painting and upholstering. If you have any furniture that needs upholstering bring it to us. Prices right.
CAMPBELL & SMITH.

FARM
 For Sale.
 149 Acres.
 Good buildings, plenty of water, and the land is in good condition. Located one mile south-west of Chelsea on Territorial road.
 KATE BAUER.

Scientific American Agency for
PATENTS
 CAVEATS, TRADE MARKS, DESIGN PATENTS, COPYRIGHTS, ETC.
 For information and free Handbook write to MUNN & CO., 311 BROADWAY, NEW YORK. Oldest bureau for securing patents in America. Every patent taken out by us is brought before the public by a notice given free of charge in the Scientific American.
 Largest circulation of any scientific paper in the world. Sent weekly for 10 cents. No intelligence man should be without it. Weekly, \$3.00 a year; \$1.00 six months. Address, MUNN & CO., Publishers, 311 Broadway, New York City.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.

All communications for this paper should be accompanied by the name of the author, not necessarily for publication, but as an evidence of good faith on the part of the writer. Write only on one side of the paper. Be particularly careful in giving names and dates to have the letters and figures plain and distinct. Proper names are often difficult to decipher, because of the careless manner in which they are written.

LABOR COMMISSIONER MATTHEWS, in his studies of household economics in Maine, computes the daily cost of living per individual, in families, to be 31 cents, rent, food, fuel and lights costing 21 cents, while the cost per individual for single men for board, which represents the above named items, is 46 cents.

UNDER Bristol's (Ct.) new system tramps who are given lodgings over night are furnished with coffee, hot water and plenty of stale bakers' goods, and thus have an ample meal before they leave the lockup in the morning. The chief of police then puts them at work for an hour or two cleaning off the crosswalks.

THE 12 states of Alabama, Arkansas, Florida, Georgia, Kentucky, Louisiana, Mississippi, North Carolina, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas and West Virginia had 885 of the 1,118 lynchings in this country last year. Louisiana leads, Mississippi follows, and Texas and Georgia are tied for the third place. The number of executions for murder was 723.

A PROVIDENCE bicycle company has what is said to be the largest bicycle in the world. It will carry six persons; its length over all is 156 inches, the wheel base is 125 inches, the diameter of the wheel is 30 inches, the tires are 2 1/2 inches in diameter, and the gear is compounded to 153. The weight of the machine is 137 1/2 pounds, and the tires are described as the largest ever made.

T. E. BYRNES, sergeant-at-arms for the national republican convention, says there will be 12,000 seats at the convention. The allotment will be somewhat as follows: Three thousand to St. Louis as the home of the convention, 500 to G. A. R. members, 500 to distinguished guests, five tickets apiece to each of the 918 delegates, and two tickets apiece to the 918 alternates.

ACCORDING to the health statistics of New York 5,000 persons died of diphtheria in that state during the past year, a terrible record but a great falling off from the number of deaths ascribed to the same disease in preceding years. This decrease is said to be directly due to the new remedy and raises a hope that at no distant period this dreadful foe of humanity may be effectually disarmed if not exterminated.

GROUND was broken recently for the first of the four buildings of the new biological school of the University of Chicago, which is to be erected with the \$1,000,000 recently given for the purpose by Miss Culver. The officers of the university say that the new school will be the largest and best equipped of its kind in the country, if not in the world. There will be zoological, botanical anatomical and physiological buildings.

ONE of the queerest outcomes of our foreign complications happened in Bedford, Me., where a man getting names for a directory found a remarkable and unaccountable surplus of women among the Canadian population. Later, it developed that in one house, where only a woman's name was given, she had kept back the names of her four sons, fearing that the caller was getting names for a draft on account of the "Venezuelan war."

CALIFORNIA olive growers say that a big demand has sprung up this season in the eastern states for California olives, and practically the whole product of the state is already sold. Orders for California olives have come from many old and conservative grocery houses in New York, Boston, and other eastern cities, whose proprietors say that, now the Californians have mastered the art of pickling the fruit, the native product will drive the foreign olives out of the eastern markets.

ON the farm of Capt. John Axtell, Liberty county, Ga., stands a gigantic live oak. The tree is only 80 feet high, but it does not boast of its sky-scraping propensities. At a distance of eight feet from the ground it measures 37 feet in circumference. Five feet higher up four immense limbs spread out, each being a fraction more than 12 feet in circumference. These limbs reach out a distance of 95 feet from the trunk, their ends almost touching the ground. The total spread from tip to tip of the limbs is 205 feet.

SOUTH AFRICA has a multi-millionaire who can give Rockefeller "points." His name is John B. Robinson, and his fortune is estimated at \$350,000,000. In 1878 Robinson was in debt. He had kept a grocery store in the Orange Free State, but he could not make both ends meet. He and his wife begged their way for 300 miles to Kimberley. Here Robinson laid the foundation of his enormous fortune by picking up a rough diamond worth \$1,200. His one ambition is said to be able to go on record as the world's first billionaire.

SPANIARDS AND CUBANS.

The Former Win in a Fiercely-Contested Struggle.

But the Victory Was Practically Fruitless, Inasmuch as the Insurgents Were Not Turned Back—Feeling in Spain Against Campos.

Havana, Feb. 5.—The details of a fight Monday between the troops under Gen. Luque and the rebels under Antonio Maceo have been received here. Gen. Luque reports that the battle occurred in and near the town of Paso Real, province of Pinar del Rio. Maceo was in chief command of the insurgents, his subordinate commanders being Miro, Sayas, Chileno and Meyer.

When it was learned that the rebels were in Paso Real, Gen. Luque gave orders for the troops to advance and attack the place. The soldiers entered the town by the main street and found the rebels occupying the side streets and the houses.

The Battle.

A galling fire was directed against the troops from the street, houses and roofs, but the rebels were finally driven to the eastern part of the town, where they attempted to make a stand. In this they were unsuccessful, and they then retreated outside the town. The troops advanced upon them and found over a thousand rebels forming a line of battle in an open space. As the Spaniards moved forward they delivered volley fires as they moved from position to position. The rebel cavalry charged the troops with great valor, and, despite the heavy fire directed against them, even reached the bayonets of the troops. The latter received the first charge while formed in line, but the second charge was received by the troops in circular groups.

Gen. Luque Wounded.

Gen. Luque says the troops sustained no macehete wounds, while a number of rebels were wounded by bayonets. The troops finally dispersed the rebels, pursuing them until darkness set in. The insurgents lost 62 killed, while 200

RACES AT WAR.

Three Men Killed in a Riot at Whiting, Ind.

Whiting, Ind., Feb. 7.—Whiting was the scene of a bloody riot Thursday afternoon and as a result three men are dead and another is lying at the point of death. The dead are: Emony Szanjo, Steve Mutchka and John Mokin.

Seriously injured: Jacob Gladstone, cigar manufacturer, 397 South May street, Chicago, shot in breast; John Thomas, foreman for Standard Oil company, shot in right side, will die.

The trouble began in the saloon of Joseph Maovitik, corner of Adams street and Whiting road. For some years bad blood has existed between the Hungarians and the Poles living in Whiting. Maovitik is a Pole, and about two o'clock Thursday afternoon a crowd of Hungarians entered his saloon with the avowed purpose of cleaning out the place. They began by directing insulting remarks to the saloonkeeper and his wife, who was also in the saloon at the time. Several of Maovitik's friends were standing around, and one of them struck a Hungarian, knocking him senseless.

The Hungarians became enraged at this, and, drawing revolvers, opened up a promiscuous shooting. Maovitik and his wife fled upstairs, leaving the Hungarians in possession of the saloon. Several of the Hungarians rushed outside and with clubs began breaking out the large plate-glass windows of the saloon. Maovitik from an upper window fired a volley at the men below. His shots told, and when the smoke cleared away Szanjo, Mokin and Mutchka lay dead in the street.

In the meantime, Mrs. Maovitik stood at the head of the stairs and fired into a crowd attempting to mount the stairs. Thomas fell, it is thought, mortally wounded. Gladstone was in the saloon at the time the trouble began taking orders for cigars, and was endeavoring to escape when one of the shots from the woman's gun struck him in the breast, just over the heart. The bullet was checked by a matchbox in his vest pocket, which saved his life.

At this juncture, Chief of Police Dobbins, Officer Lowenthal and Deputy

MARINERS PERISH.

Wreck of Two Schooners on the Atlantic Coast.

Seven Sailors Are Drowned on One and Three on the Other—Man and Woman Lose Their Lives in a Flooded Field.

Amesbury, Mass., Feb. 10.—A three-masted schooner was wrecked Sunday night half a mile off Salisbury beach. The schooner, presumably the Florida, of Rockland, Me., coal laden for Newburyport, was driven on the beach in a heavy northeast gale about five o'clock and within an hour began breaking up. The sea was so heavy that to launch a small boat was out of the question, yet in the face of this peril two of the crew could be seen making the attempt. The boat was taken up by a huge wave and tossed beyond their reach, to be washed up on shore, stove to pieces. As the hatches and house went by the board the crew made for the rigging, one, thought to be the captain, lashing himself to the mainmast, where through a glass an hour later he appeared to be dead. Five of the others took to the mizzenmast, lashing their bodies to it, while the seventh man lashed himself to the other mast.

Hundreds gathered on the beach, and the fishermen battled for an hour in the surf in an effort to launch a boat, but they were forced to abandon it. The Plum island life-saving crew was notified and drove over the ten miles of rough road in the lifeboat behind four horses, arriving at 7:15. At that hour a blinding snowstorm had set in, cutting off a view of the vessel and making it impossible to throw a life-line to the doomed craft. At 10:15 two bodies were washed ashore, and soon after it cleared for a few minutes, when it was seen that the masts had been swept away and the other five had gone down to watery graves.

Newburyport, Mass., Feb. 10.—The three-masted schooner *Allianza*, New York for St. John, was driven on Plum island at seven o'clock Sunday night. She had been in the company of the Florida all day and met the same fate. Her seven men lashed themselves to the masts and the craft broke up an hour after striking. Three bodies were washed ashore and the other four men were swept in, tied to the masts, and were rescued by plucky spectators, who at the peril of their lives rushed into the breakers. The vessel was commanded by Capt. Melanzo, of St. John, who was one of the three men drowned.

Middletown, N. Y., Feb. 10.—Peter L. Atkins, proprietor of a wagon repair shop in this city, took Maud Kelly, aged 23, out driving Saturday night. They crossed Walkill river at Hopkins' bridge, and in the darkness Atkins drove off the road into the flooded meadow. The water was nine feet deep, and the two stood on the seat of the wagon calling for help. A Frenchman named Baupre went to their assistance with a lantern, but when the water reached his hips he was obliged to retire. The two succumbed to the intense cold, and both sank beneath the flood after an hour's suffering. Searching parties went out early Sunday morning and at noon Atkins' body was found. Sunday night the girl's body was found fast to a barb wire fence half a mile down the stream.

Bristol Conn., Feb. 10.—Over 3,000 people visited the scene of Thursday night's disaster Sunday and hundreds searched the river for missing bodies. The bodies of James Mack, section hand, of New Britain, and Charles Castelani, of Hartford, which were sighted Friday, were recovered. It is not definitely known how many lives were lost, as three men and a boy are still missing. It is known that six men were either drowned or killed, but it will probably be some time before the exact number is determined.

BLOWN FROM THE TRACK.

Several Persons Hurt in a Railway Wreck in Colorado.

Denver, Col., Feb. 10.—A special of the Republican from Georgetown, Col., says: The regular passenger train which left Denver at eight o'clock Sunday morning was blown from the track half a mile from the depot here at 12:10. Among those injured were:

Fred Van Sicken, of Chicago, editor of a bicycle paper, badly cut about the head; Mrs. Van Sicken; E. A. Eager, of the Union Manufacturing company, Toledo; S. C. Gillard, of the Dunlop Tire company, Boston; J. P. Dazey.

The train was slowly ascending the heavy grade in the teeth of a high gale which was racing down the canyon. At a point where similar accidents have previously occurred the entire train was blown from the track, the rear coach rolling completely over and landing in the creek.

BROKE A BABY'S NECK.

Brutal Preacher Kills an Infant Because It Cried.

Morrilton, Ark., Feb. 10.—D. H. Honeycutt, living six miles west of here, killed a ten-months-old child of a widow who kept house for him Sunday evening. Honeycutt came into the house when the child was crying. He picked the little one up, gave it a slap on the head, then shook it, breaking its neck. A warrant was sworn out and officers are now searching for him. Honeycutt is a preacher and is 60 years of age.

EAGER FOR REVENGE.

Excitement at Greenacres Over the Murder of Pearl Bryan.

Greencastle, Ind., Feb. 10.—This town was the scene Sunday of the most intense excitement when it became known that the headless trunk of Pearl Bryan had been brought from Cincinnati at a late hour last night and deposited in the vault at the cemetery near the town, and during the day large crowds went to the cemetery and congregated around the vault and viewed the casket through the iron gratings of the door. Among these were many who had known the murdered girl from infancy, and strong men shed tears of sympathy when the father, mother, brother and sisters arrived at the cemetery and entered the vault. Mr. and Mrs. Bryan were almost completely prostrated and the cries of the brothers and sisters could be heard upon the outside of the vault as they sobbed their grief. Many present were the younger associates of the dead girl, and as the terrible affair was discussed in the shadow of the crushing weight upon the parents and immediate relatives, the excitement became as intense as on Saturday when William Wood fled from the town to avoid summary vengeance at the hands of the exasperated populace.

While the parents were in the vault there was a separation of the older from the younger class of men, and when the associates of the dead girl got together there was a whispered conversation whose import was kept from the others who had assembled at the cemetery. It was learned later in the day that 27 of the young and middle-aged men of the city had pledged themselves by a solemn promise to avenge Pearl Bryan's death by their own hands if the law failed to mete out death to the murderers. The organization formed is but the nucleus of one that is almost sure to be organized for the purpose of avenging the crime.

Indianapolis, Ind., Feb. 10.—May Hollingsworth, daughter of Spencer Hollingsworth, of Vincennes, was arrested in this city Sunday on suspicion of having guilty knowledge of Pearl Bryan's death. When the officers entered her room at her boarding house, and before they could prevent her, she tore into pieces and threw into the fire a letter which, it is thought, might have proven a valuable bit of evidence had it been secured. At the station she was put in the sweat-box and told a story that will implicate her perhaps as deeply as Wood, if not more so.

She met Pearl Bryan at the depot the day the Greencastle girl went to Cincinnati to meet Jackson. She knew the object of the Bryan girl's trip, and says a "woman" (supposed to be herself) gave Pearl some medicine under instructions from Jackson.

Being asked about the murder, Miss Hollingsworth said she had certain knowledge which she would never divulge except to save Jackson's neck. She insisted from her information (presumably from the burned letter) that Jackson did not kill the girl, but that she died from the effects of the medicine. "Jackson found Pearl," she said, "in a dying condition in a room where he had left her. He then took her over to Kentucky and cut off her head to avoid identification of the body." The police will retain her until they receive instructions from Cincinnati.

FIFTEEN INJURED.

Passengers Have a Narrow Escape Near Hannibal, Mo.

Hannibal, Mo., Feb. 10.—Fifteen persons were more or less seriously hurt, and one cannot recover, as the result of a collision at 12:40 o'clock Sunday afternoon between an east-bound Wabash stock train and a St. Louis, Keokuk & Northwestern passenger train coming south.

The collision occurred near a tunnel one mile north of this city. The stock train, which had just emerged from the tunnel, struck the passenger train, crushing in the side of the ladies' coach and throwing it over an embankment, almost into the Mississippi river. There were 15 passengers in the coach and that none were killed is a miracle. All were more or less bruised, but only the following were hurt seriously:

H. F. Hudwell, of St. Paul, Minn., arm crushed; Miss Eva Pettit, Hannibal, Mo., eyebrow badly cut; Miss M. Whitey, Quincy, Ill., hip fractured, recovery doubtful; J. C. Cohen, stockman, Minneapolis, head cut; Mrs. Treaster and son, Hannibal, both cut about the head; D. C. Webster, engineer Wabash train, knee injured.

Responsibility for the collision is alleged to rest with the engineer of the Wabash train. He did not stop as law and instructions require before approaching the crossing. He stated the air brakes failed, but it was found that his engine was not reversed. The damage will approximate \$5,000.

CUBANS FALL.

Eighty Reported Killed in a Recent Battle—4,000 Put to Flight.

Madrid, Feb. 10.—Col. Segura, according to advices received from Havana, routed 4,000 insurgents in the province of Pinar del Rio, killing 80 of them. The Spanish loss was seven killed. Maceo was at the head of the insurgents. The conflict took place at San Cristobal, and the insurgents left 80 dead on the field as they retired. More than 300 of the Cubans were wounded. An aid-de-camp of Maceo was killed.



VALERIANO WEYLER Y NICOLAN,
New Captain General of the Spanish Forces in Cuba.

of them are believed to have been wounded. Gen. Luque was shot through the right leg. Maj. Jose Ruiz Perez, of the regular army, and Maj. Louis Lopez Majorez, of the civil guards, were also wounded. Maj. Perez has since died. In addition to those, one captain, one lieutenant and 30 soldiers were wounded. One of the wounded privates died shortly after the battle.

Gen. Luque was carried to Pinar del Rio after the battle, delivering over the command to Col. Hernandez. The battle was fiercely contested and the advantage is claimed to be all on the side of the Spanish as a result. But it is significant that Maceo's forces, instead of being turned back to the westward, proceeded on their way toward Havana province after the battle.

Maceo's Forces Go Forward.

The continued activity of the insurgents all over the island is indicated by the large number of constant arrivals of refugees, whole families making for the towns to escape the violence of the insurgents in the country districts. It is alleged that wandering bands are burning indiscriminately and hanging almost anyone they lay hands on.

Gen. Campos Insulted.

Madrid, Feb. 5.—Gen. Campos arrived here Tuesday. A crowd gathered at the Valladolid railway station, and when the train arrived on which Gen. Campos was traveling to Madrid some of the assemblage hooted at him. A few of the crowd cheered, but it was evident that popular feeling was against him for his failure to suppress the insurrection in Cuba. A number of police were sent to the station and some of the hooters were arrested.

Sheriff Emmell came on the scene. The maddened Hungarians barricaded themselves in the saloon and refused to come out. With drawn revolvers, the officers attacked the doors of the building. They succeeded in forcing an entrance and arrested the ringleaders.

For Cuban Recognition.

Washington, Feb. 6.—The concurrent resolution which the senate foreign affairs relations committee reported last week, requesting the president of the United States to use his influence with the government of Spain to recognize the Cuban revolutionists as belligerents, was practically set aside Wednesday, by a substitute reported from the same committee by Senator Morgan (dem., Ala.). The substitute recognizes a condition of public war in Cuba, and declares that the United States shall maintain a strict neutrality between the contending powers, and shall accord to each all the rights of belligerents in the ports of the United States.

The Catron Bill Is a Law.

Washington, Feb. 8.—The Catron bill to prevent prize-fighting in the District of Columbia and territories was signed by the president about 4:35 p. m. Friday and became a law. The bill did not reach the white house until four o'clock or afterward, and in its case the usual routine was departed from and the measure taken at once to Mr. Cleveland, who, after examining its provisions, promptly attached his signature, so that from the date of signature prize-fighting is a felony on all soil over which the federal government has exclusive jurisdiction. Prompt measures will be taken to see that it is not violated.

ELEMENTS AT WAR.

A Furious Gale Rages on the Atlantic Coast.

Wind Reaches a Velocity of Eighty Miles an Hour - Fearful Loss of Life Reported - Streets of Baltimore Flooded.

New York, Feb. 7.—The gulf storm that was roaring and racing up the Atlantic coast all Wednesday has reached here and it is the wildest and most violent that New York has had for several years. At eight o'clock the wind was blowing 40 miles an hour; at 10:30 o'clock, 50 miles; at 9:30, 55 miles, and later fairly whistled at 72 miles an hour and out on the ocean it is still more furious. Much damage to shipping has been reported. The clamping sloop Favorite, containing three men, was upset at 10:30 o'clock Thursday morning in the Bay of St. George, S. I. One of the men was drowned. A tug and a fish-smack are also reported sunk opposite Sailor's Snug harbor.

Blown from Their Feet.
At times during the day the wind blew at the rate of 72 miles an hour, and nothing like its wild swoop up Broadway and through the long avenues has been seen in this city for years. Women and children were blown off their feet into the streets in many cases. At least a dozen persons were taken to their homes or a hospital by patrol wagons, suffering from cuts and bruises inflicted by flying timbers and umbrellas.

Eighty Miles an Hour.
At Rockaway the wind blew at the rate of 80 miles an hour. Considerable damage was done at the beach by the heavy sea which was on. Boats were torn from their moorings and carried away. Trees were uprooted and the roofs of small houses were also torn off, but no serious damage occurred.

Flood at Waterbury, Conn.
In Connecticut the storm was terrific. At Waterbury the water inundated the principal streets of the city, flooding business houses, washed out roadways and caused damage of from \$40,000 to \$50,000. Court square is a lake of water five feet deep and the car tracks are covered by two feet of water in the business section.

RUIN AND DEATH.

Eleven Lives Lost by Collapsing of a Railroad Bridge.

Bristol, Conn., Feb. 7.—The New England railroad bridge over the Pequonuck river between this town and Forestville was swept away Thursday night and 11 workmen who were engaged in strengthening the structure were drowned in the swollen stream. At about seven o'clock a passenger train passed over the bridge bound for Forestville, 20 miles east. As the locomotive reached the center of the bridge the engineer felt that it was sinking under the train, and, pulling wide the throttle, the engine sputtered and the cars were pulled across in time to avert disaster. A work train with 40 bridge repairers was sent from East Hartford and arrived here at eight o'clock.

The train was on the bridge, and 20 men engaged in taking up the rails, when, without a moment's warning, it collapsed, throwing them all in the river. The river makes a sharp turn just above this point, and, being filled to overflowing by the heavy rain, it was very wild, and the greatest difficulty was encountered in attempting the rescue. Four men were dragged ashore and resuscitated and several others were pulled out of the swift torrent while battling against it to no avail. Eleven are known to have lost their lives, and there is a possibility that others who were watching the workmen were swept away with the bridge and drowned.

Brooklyn, Feb. 7.—A four-story brick building on Thirty-Ninth street, between First and Second avenues, this city, was blown down by the violence of the rain and windstorm at 9:55 Thursday morning. Three men were buried in the ruins. They are: James Quigley, proprietor of the Coopersage, which collapsed; Michael Mulcahy, and Herman Siemann. The building was a rickety structure. The violence of the gale was so great that it shook the building, and without any warning the center collapsed, burying the men in the debris.

IN THE SOUTH.

Disastrous Storms Reported in Georgia and Florida.

Atlanta, Ga., Feb. 7.—The tremendous rainstorm which began Wednesday, accompanied by a very high wind, continued throughout the night. The railroads between Montgomery and Mobile were washed out in numerous places and traffic had to be suspended in consequence. A number of wires are down.

Jacksonville, Fla., Feb. 7.—A severe storm began here Wednesday and continued all night, and at midnight still continues with great fury. Many wires are down, retarding business to a great degree.

Baltimore, Md., Feb. 7.—After a downpour of rain, lasting 24 hours, a wind sprung up from northeast to southwest and developed into a hurricane, attaining a velocity of 67 miles an hour, the highest in years. Many roofs were blown off and other damage done. In Princess Anne, on the eastern shore, houses were flooded. The streets became navigable rivers and people moved to upper floors. Much live stock perished. It is feared that many vessels have been caught and lives lost.

PLEAD NOT GUILTY.

Jackson, Walling and Wood Held for Pearl Bryan's Murder.

Cincinnati, Feb. 8.—Scott Jackson and Alonzo M. Walling, the dental students arrested on the charge of murdering Pearl Bryan, were Friday brought into the police court and arraigned on a charge of murder. Both entered a plea of not guilty, and they were remanded to jail without bail. William Wood, arraigned on the charge of aiding, pleaded not guilty and was held in \$5,000 bail, which will be given in a short time.

Late Friday afternoon Jackson sent for General Secretary Tibbetts, of the Y. M. C. A. When Mr. Tibbetts arrived the prisoner asked him to pray with him. The request was granted, and at the conclusion of the prayer a Bible was procured in response to the wish of Jackson. Opening the book, and falling on his knees, the young man dictated the following, which was written by Mr. Tibbetts and afterwards signed by Jackson:

"Here, with the Bible in my hand, on my knees before God, I was not guilty of murdering that poor girl. I did get her to Cincinnati to undergo an abortion. Walling was to get \$50 for performing it. I was guilty of getting him to do it, but not of murdering that poor girl. I don't know where he killed her or how he killed her, or what he did with her after he killed her. I did not kill the poor girl. He is the guilty man. Will Woods was to send \$50 to him through me for performing the abortion. This is the truth, so help me God."

There was a post mortem examination held Friday at which the physicians held that the head of Pearl Bryan had been cut off while she was alive, and they could find no trace of drug. There is quite a dispute among the physicians as to whether the head was cut off after the murder, in order to prevent identification and discovery, or whether the girl was murdered by having her throat cut to the extent of decapitation. The lawyers are anxious for positive evidence on this point in order to establish beyond doubt the charge of murder on the two suspects.

HARRISON'S LETTER.

The Ex-President Says He Does Not Want a Nomination.

Indianapolis, Ind., Feb. 4.—At an early hour Monday night, Capt. John K. Gowdy, chairman of the republican state central committee, called by invitation at the residence of Gen. Harrison, when the ex-president handed him the following letter:

"HON. JOHN K. GOWDY: In view of the resolutions passed by the state central committee at its recent meeting, and of the fact that delegates to the national republican convention are soon to be chosen in this state, I have concluded that some statement from me as to my wishes and purposes should now be made to my Indiana friends. Hitherto I have declined to speak to the public upon this matter, but scores of friends to whom I have talked and many scores more to whom I have written will recognize in this expression the substance of what I have said to them. To everyone who has proposed to promote my nomination I have said 'No.' There never has been an hour since I left the white house that I have felt a wish to return to it. My Indiana friends have been most devoted and faithful and I am their grateful debtor. The republican party has twice in national convention given me its endorsement and that is enough. I think the voters of our party are now entitled to have a new name. For the sentiment, great and small, that has been manifested for my nomination, I am grateful, and of that wider respect and kindness—breaking party lines—which have been shown me in so many ways, I am profoundly appreciative.

"I cannot consent that my name be presented to or used in the St. Louis convention, and must kindly ask my friends to accept this as a sincere and final expression upon the subject.

"BENJAMIN HARRISON,
Indianapolis, Ind., Feb. 4."

TO REPRESENT COREA.

Soh Kwang Pom, the New Minister, En Route for Washington.

Washington, Feb. 7.—The Korean legation has been officially notified that Soh Kwang Pom has been appointed minister of Corea at Washington and that he left for his post December 30, after resigning his position in the king's cabinet as minister of justice. The new minister is one of the most prominent men in his country, his great-grandfather, grandfather and successively prime ministers of the cabinet, holding the highest rank in Corea next to royalty for many generations. He is expected to arrive in San Francisco in the next ten days and will probably present his credentials before the end of February. Corea has been for nearly two years without a minister here, her interests being cared for by Pak Yong Kiu, as charge d'affaires. Corea, England, Germany, Japan and Austria are the only nations owning legations in Washington.

Chicago Publisher Found Guilty.

Chicago, Feb. 5.—Joseph Dunlop, publisher of the Chicago Dispatch, was Tuesday found guilty of sending obscene matter through the United States mails. By this verdict of the jury the publisher of the Chicago Dispatch may be compelled to pay a fine of \$3,000 or endure ten years' imprisonment.

In case the motion for a new trial is not granted an appeal will be taken to the supreme court.

Labor Classes Disfranchised.

London, Feb. 8.—The Berlin correspondent of the Times says the government of Saxony has prepared a bill changing the election system and virtually disfranchising the working classes, the avowed object being to exclude socialists from the diet.

Her Romance.

I did not wed him, no, ah, no,
Hence is my soul submerged in woe;
And hence my heart's an aching speck,
My life a harsh, embittered wreck.

I did not wed him, no, ah, no,
Yet do not chide me though 'tis so;
My secret sad I breathe to you—
The stupid never asked me to.

—Chicago Record.

A WOMAN PIONEER.

The Extraordinary Career of Mrs. J. P. Hadley.

Owner and Manager of a Splendid Prairie Farm—Wonderful Grit and Endurance.

From the Free Press, Streator, Ill.

On a splendid farm at Blackstone, in the very heart of the great, rich and prosperous prairies of Northern Illinois, lives Mrs. J. P. Hadley. She owns and personally directs the affairs of her farm, which is as rich and productive as the most ambitious could desire.

She is now sixty-five years old and was afflicted with bleeding of the lungs for forty-five years. During that time she was a great sufferer; she was weak, tired and run down, and in consequence existence, even, was a burden. There was no pleasure in life for her.

"During all these years," she said to the writer, "I had received treatment from many very successful and eminent physicians. They could do nothing for me. I continued to grow worse, year by year, until last spring when I was so bad that I could not even walk across my room, and when I coughed the blood often gushed from my nose and mouth. At this time I was receiving treatment from the local physicians, and while they are men of more than ordinary skill, I was constantly growing weaker and worse. Under these circumstances I became thoroughly discouraged and disheartened.

"My physicians told me frankly that they could do no more for me, that I could live but a short time at the best, and that I should arrange my affairs with that fact in view, that my death was only a question of a very short time. Under these very trying and discouraging circumstances my attention was called to the advertisement of Pink Pills for Pale People. I decided to try them. I could not see that I had anything to lose and everything was to be gained. My physicians were doing me no good so there was nothing to lose by dropping their treatment, so without saying anything to them about it, I began on March 23, 1895, to take Pink Pills for Pale People, and I have continued their use up to the present time. In all I have taken eleven boxes. I began to improve almost as soon as I began to take them and I have gained constantly until I am now remarkably well for one of my years. It has been more than forty-five years since I was as I am now. I now fully realize that I have not known what it was to be really well. That weak, tired, languid feeling which has been the burden of my existence for so many years and which has made any labor or even life itself a thing to be dreaded is gone. I can now work about the house and assist in the duties which fall to women on farms and even enjoy the labor while thus employed. I can not help wondering how I ever endured my years of torture. I consider myself fully as strong and healthy now as women of my age usually are.

"When I began taking the pills my skin was dry, harsh and dead. It has since peeled off and is fresh, soft and healthy now. My hair which was almost white, crisp and dead has regained its vigor and much of its color and is soft and pliable. It is in better condition than it has been for years. My feet were badly swollen, the skin on them was dry and cracked. They gave me great trouble. Now that is all changed. The swelling has entirely disappeared and they are in a perfectly healthy condition.

"Taking it all in all," she said, "I think my cure a most remarkable one and I am more than willing that the world should know what Pink Pills for Pale People have done for me, for it may prove a blessing to other sufferers. Yes, you may make any use you like of my experience."

An analysis of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills shows that they contain, in a condensed form, all the elements necessary to give new life and richness to the blood and restore shattered nerves. They are an unfailing specific for such diseases as locomotor ataxia, partial paralysis, St. Vitus' dance, sciatica, neuralgia, rheumatism, nervous headache, the after effects of influenza, palpitation of the heart, pale and sallow complexions, all forms of weakness either in male or female, and all diseases resulting from vitiated humors of the blood. Pink Pills are sold by all dealers, or will be sent post paid on receipt of price, 50 cents a box, or six boxes for \$2.50, by addressing Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Schenectady, N. Y.

"SPIRITUAL force is stronger than material; thoughts rule the world.—Emerson.

Never Out of Work. Never idle in a search for those who suffer most from PAINS and cannot work. ST. JACOBS OIL will cure and fit them for work when the chance comes.

A Perfect Food

That is what Baron von Liebig said of good chocolate. All of Walter Baker & Co.'s Cocos and Chocolates are good,—the best, in fact.

Walter Baker & Co., Ltd., Dorchester, Mass.



"Your BATTLE AX or your life!"
"Must have it!"

Battle Ax PLUG

The largest piece of good tobacco ever sold for 10 cents

and
The 5 cent piece is nearly as large as you get of other high grades for 10 cents

EARLY BIRD RADISH SALZER'S NORTHERN GROWN SEEDS - POTATOES \$1.50 PER BRL.
PRODUCE THE EARLIEST, FINEST VEGETABLES IN THE WORLD. They are bred to earliness; full of life and vigor. That's the universal verdict. A trial will convince the most doubtful. Prices dirt cheap! Wholesale list for market gardeners. Send 10c in stamps and get our Mammoth Radish and Best Catalpa and a package of the pumpkin yellow watermelon sensation. Catalog alone 10c for postage. It will pay you to get it.

JOHN A. SALZER SEED CO. LA CROSSE, WIS.

Rattlesnakes, Butterflies, and ...?

Washington Irving said, he supposed a certain hill was called "Rattlesnake Hill" because it abounded in — butterflies. The "rule of contrary" governs other names. Some bottles are, supposedly, labeled "Sarsaparilla" because they are full of... well, we don't know what they are full of, but we know it's not sarsaparilla; except, perhaps, enough for a flavor. There's only one make of sarsaparilla that can be relied on to be all it claims. It's Ayer's. It has no secret to keep. Its formula is open to all physicians. This formula was examined by the Medical Committee at the World's Fair with the result that while every other make of sarsaparilla was excluded from the Fair, Ayer's Sarsaparilla was admitted and honored by awards. It was admitted because it was the best sarsaparilla. It received the medal as the best. No other sarsaparilla has been so tested or so honored. Good motto for the family as well as the Fair: Admit the best, exclude the rest.

Any doubt about it? Send for the "Curebook." It kills doubts and cures doubters.
Address: J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

DROPSY

Treated free. Positively CURED with Vegetable Remedy. Has cured many threatened cases and cases previously hopeless. From first dose symptoms rapidly disappear. Send 10c for copy of book containing full particulars. FREE. BOOK OF TREATMENT FURNISHED FREE BY MAIL. DR. H. H. GREEN & SONS, Specialists, Atlanta, Ga. SEND THE PAPER ONLY ONE PENNY.

STARK TREES

TESTED 70 YEARS. Salemen and club makers wanted for GOLD plan, etc. Stark, Louisiana. No. Lockport, Ill.

CURE

your Eyes and Ears. Book sent FREE. DR. McFATRICH. Masonic Temple, Chicago, Ill.

THE AEROMOTOR CO.

Does half the world's windmill business, because it has reduced the cost of wind power to 1/10 what it was. It has many branch houses, and supplies its goods and repairs at your door. It can and does furnish a better article for less money than others. It makes Pumping and Geared, Steel Galvanized-After-Completion Windmills, Tilling and Fined Steel Towers, Steel Buzz Saw Frames, Steel Feed Outlets and Feed Grinders. On application it will name one of these articles that it will furnish until January 1st at 1/3 the usual price. It also makes Tanks and Pumps of all kinds. Send for catalogue. Factory: 12th, Rockwell and Fillmore Streets, Chicago.

WE HAVE NO AGENTS.

but will direct to the consumer at wholesale prices. Ship anywhere for examination before sale. Everything warranted. 100 styles of Carriages, 50 styles of Harness, 50 styles of Riding Saddles. Write for catalogue. ELKHART Carriage & Harness Mfg. Co. Elkhart, Ind.

LEARN TELEGRAPHY

Write at once for ILLUSTRATED BOOK, telling how to learn and secure a Railroad position. Address RICHARD VALENTINE, Manager, JAMESVILLE, Wis.

OPIUM

Morphine Habit Cured in 10 to 20 days. No pay till cured. DR. J. STEPHENS, Lebanon, Ohio.

OPIUM

and WHISKEY habits cured. Book sent FREE. Dr. E. H. WOOLLEY, ATLANTA, GA. SEND THE PAPER ONLY ONE PENNY.

A. N. K. - A 1501

WHEN WRITING TO ADVERTISERS PLEASE state that you saw the Advertisement in this paper.

SEND FOR ALL THE FALL

Best Cough Syrup, Throat Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.

RESPIRATION

THE OLDEST AND THE BEST

Cough-cure, the most prompt and effective remedy for diseases of the throat and lungs, is Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. As an emergency medicine, for the cure of Croup, Sore Throat, Lung Fever and Whooping Cough,



AYER'S
Cherry Pectoral cannot be equaled. E. M. BRAWLEY, D. D., Dis. Sec. of the American Baptist Publishing Society, Petersburg, Va., endorses it, as a cure for violent colds, bronchitis, etc. Dr. Brawley also adds: To all ministers suffering from throat troubles, I recommend

AYER'S Cherry Pectoral

Awarded Medal at World's Fair.
AYER'S PILLS Cure Liver and Stomach Troubles.

Excelsior Bakery,

Chelsea, Mich.
Fresh Bread, Cakes and Pies always on hand. First-class Restaurant in connection
28 **WM. CASPARY.**

FIRE! FIRE!!

If you want insurance call on Gilbert & Crowell. We represent companies whose gross assets amount to the sum of \$45,000,000.

Ladies

If your dealer hasn't it, send \$1.25 to us

WE WILL SEND YOU POSTPAID

The "Gresco"

It cannot break at the Side or Waist
Color: DRAB or WHITE

LONG, SHORT and MEDIUM LENGTH

THE MICHIGAN CORSET CO.,
JACKSON, MICH.

MICHIGAN CENTRAL

"The Niagara Falls Route."

Time table taking effect Dec. 1st, 1895.
90th MERIDIAN TIME.

Passenger Trains on the Michigan Central Railroad will leave Chelsea Station as follows:

GOING EAST.	
Detroit Night Express.....	5:10 A. M.
Atlantic Express.....	7:03 A. M.
Grand Rapids Express.....	10:35 A. M.
Mail and Express.....	3:19 P. M.
GOING WEST.	
Mail and Express.....	9:12 A. M.
Grand Rapids Express.....	6:30 P. M.
Chicago Night Express.....	11:00 P. M.

No 37 will stop at Chelsea for passengers getting on at Detroit or east of Detroit.

WM. MARTIN, Agent, Chelsea.
O. W. RUGGLES, General Passenger and Ticket Agent, Chicago.

PATENTS

Convents and Trade-Marks obtained and all Patent business conducted for MODERATE FEES. Our OFFICE IS OPPOSITE U. S. PATENT OFFICE and we can secure patents in less time than those secured from Washington.

Send model, drawing or photo, with description. We advise if patentable or not, free of charge. Our fee not due till patent is secured. A PAMPHLET "How to Obtain Patents," with cost of same in the U. S. and foreign countries sent free. Address,
C. F. A. SNOW & CO.
OFF. PATENT OFFICE, WASHINGTON, D. C.

R-I-P-A-N'S
The modern standard Family Medicine: Cures the common every-day ills of humanity.
ONE GIVES RELIEF.

Two Full Moons in a Month.

The occurrence of two full moons in last December excited considerable interest, and with many the query is, When will there be two full moons in one month again? It is not infrequent for two like phases of the moon to occur in one month, as there are only 29 1/2 days in the lunar month—from one phase of the moon to the like phase again. There were two first quarter moons in May, 1895; two full moons in December, 1895, and there will be two last quarter moons in August, 1896; two new moons in May, 1897; two first quarter moons in November, 1897, and two full moons again in August, 1898.—Springfield Republican.

Facial Expressions.

Don't roll your eyes up into your head as if they were marbles. A fine pair of eyes will be utterly ruined by this operation. The girl with a pretty mouth will purse it up into the prettiest bouton and continue the habit until many lines form about the lips and the lovely mouth has to be put into the hands of a beauty doctor.

Nearly every woman bites and sucks her lips. Others contract the brows and produce two furrows between the eyes. Others perpetually wear a tip-tilted nose. The true expression of a face doesn't consist of a set of features hung on strings or wires. Do cultivate placid features.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

No Flies on John.

Yet another point has been made by the heathen Chinese against his Caucasian antagonist. The law ordering the Chinese to register, on penalty of deportation, is used by some of them to secure for themselves free passage home. A Chinaman who has been in America thirty years was arraigned in Seattle a few days ago for being illegally in the country, not possessing a registration certificate. He spoke English well and seemed well-to-do. The court ordered that he be deported to China. The marshal pondered over the odd circumstance and came to the conclusion that the Chinaman, desiring to return to his native land to live on his fortune acquired here, had neglected deliberately to register in order to secure free transportation home. The Chinaman remarked, when told of his fate: "Heap lik go, you bet."

Queer Bridal Customs.

A singular marriage custom prevails among the French Canadians in Quebec. After the morning marriage service in the church the bridal party, in calache or cabriolet, make a tour of calls upon relatives and friends during the day, and then return again to the church for vespers.

Before the evening dance at the bride's new home comes the supper. When the company rise from the table the bride keeps her seat, and some one asks with great dignity: "Why does madame wait? Is she so soon in bad grace?"

She replies: "Some one has stolen my slipper; I cannot walk."
Then they carry her, chair and all, into the middle of the room, while a loud knocking announces a grotesque ragged vendor of boots and shoes. He kneels before the slipperless bride and tries on a long succession of old boots and shoes of every variety and size until at last he finds her missing shoe.

The groom redeems it for a good price, which is spent in treating the company. If the groom is not watchful they steal her hat and cloak, which he redeems in the same way; and they have been known to steal the bride, for which there must be liberal pay. The church forbids round dances. The event of the evening is a jig, in which the guest volunteers to out-dance the bride. If successful, the visitor demands a prize from the groom.—Chicago Inter-Ocean.

Teachers' Examinations.

The examination of teachers of Washtenaw county for the ensuing year will be held as follows:

Regular examinations for all grades, at Ann Arbor, the third Thursday of August 1895, and the last Thursday of March, 1896.

Regular examination for second and third grades, at Ann Arbor, the third Thursday of October, 1895, and the third Thursday of June, 1896.

Special examination for third grade, at Manchester, the third Friday of September, 1895. WM. W. WEDENBERGER, Commissioner of Schools.

Ducklin's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Feyer Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by F. P. Glazier & Co.

Torsely Pat.

Occasionally a teacher discovers a rare gift of condensation in a child at school. One teacher in a primary school, the other day, told her small pupils the story of the ass who put on the lion's skin; and then she commanded each child to write down and hand in a moral for the fable. This was the moral which one little girl, aged six, handed in: "Don't be what you ain't!" If all our false color people would frame that "moral" and hang it up on their walls!—Boston Transcript.

Letter List.

Following are the letters remaining unclaimed in the postoffice at Chelsea, Feb. 10, 1896:
F. M. Hoosier.
J. E. Hiller.

Persons calling for any of the above please say "advertised."

Geo. S. LAIRD P. M.

Business Pointers.

For sale, two village lots, centrally located. Inquire at this office.

For sale, high grade bicycle; ridden one season; fine condition. R. S. A. & Co.

For sale at a bargain, three horses—two four years old and one nine years old. W. J. Knapp.

Have you seen it yet? What? That beautiful top carriage in C. Steinbach's show window? Its a dandy.

Does your harness need oiling or repairing? If so, take it to C. Steinbach's harness shop. A scientific job guaranteed. Prices rock bottom.

No Water.

In India one of the severest punishments meted out to a convert to Christianity is cutting off his access to the village well. His family is compelled at once to tramp through hot sun, and with a heavy water pot, to some distance to get whatever water they use for bathing and cooking. This is all against the law, but sometimes the persecution is so severe as to compel a return to the forsaken faith, or exile from the village. To prevent this the missionaries often have to engage, in behalf of their converts, in long and bitterly fought contests. Most of these persecutions are instigated by a few high caste people, who virtually own the villages, and the majority of the villagers are usually glad to see the cases decided in favor of the converts.

How it Happened.

From the Ann Arbor Argus: "All the maidens who want to avail themselves of the leap year privileges should be on the alert during 1896, as there will not be another opportunity in eight years. The last year of every century which cannot be divided by four hundred is not a leap year. Thus 1700, 1800 and 1900, etc. are not leap years, and those of which four hundred is a factor are leap years, except the year 3000. The explanation of the above philosophy is that years are composed of fractional parts, viz: three hundred and sixty-five days, five hours, forty-eight minutes and forty-eight seconds. If fractional part of a day was just six hours, the calendar and seasons could be brought to agree every fourth year by adding one extra day to it, as we now do, calling said year leap year; but the one day added is eleven minutes and twelve seconds too much, and the calendar is that amount ahead of the seasons, and this state of things renders it necessary that an account be kept between the calendar and the seasons, sometimes one being ahead, and then the other. At the end of the first century the former was eighteen hours and 40 minutes too much. By calculation we find that in four centuries the amount would be three days, two hours and forty minutes, in view of which the leap year is omitted from the last year of each of the three centuries, leaving two hours and forty minutes still on hand after making the year 450 a leap year. The next four hundred years will be subject to the same experiences, with another two hours and forty minutes on hand in favor of the calendar. Now, two and two-thirds hours are contained in twenty-four, nine times and no remainder, and nine times four hundred years equal thirty-six hundred, from which year the leap day is omitted, and the calendar and the seasons start anew, subject to an exact repetition of the previous thirty-six centuries. The above calculations are based on the presumption that the system was regulated to have commenced at the beginning of the Christian era.

Any tendency to premature baldness may be promptly checked by the use of Ayer's Hair Vigor. Don't delay till the scalp is bare and the hair roots destroyed. If you would realize the best results, begin at once with this invaluable preparation.

Olds and Hads.

J. W. Arney, of Otsego, brother of the famous "Parson Arney," is packing his church every night, and scores of sinners are being brought to the mourning seat. He issues a big show bill, reading: "Silver Given Away! Eight Dollars To-night, and Each Evening This Week, at Congregational Church. Two Dollars Each Evening at the Close of the Service." Then follow eight scripture texts with the letters all askew, so that they read like Choctaw, a sample text being: "Amma nlanu rhoor lre fudto cunooly, Thiss jichd ast hnh tat all iwblis eucrs.—1st Corinthians." The first man to unravel each text gets 25 cents. It is needless to say that old Bibles are being dusted off and the scriptures read with the assiduity that prevailed in old Puritan times.—Ex.

It is astonishing what quantities of good advice people who are not farmers are giving to farmers. Everybody except just the farmer himself appears to know why the agriculturist is not booming with prosperity, and what he must do in order so to boom. The farmer must vary his products, says one writer who never dug a potato in his life. Ruin is in the raising of one or two crops alone. Why did not the farmer have a supply of ready grown cattle to meet the late rise in beef? says one. That he did not shows amazing lack of foresight, this writer thinks. Let us see. Suppose the farmer has a dozen fine heaves to market. First he must ship them to the live stock commission men in the city, himself paying the freight on them. The commission man sells the animals to the butcher, making his own neat profit on them. The butcher kills them and sells them anew to the wholesale meat dealer, making also his neat profit. The wholesale man disposes of the meat by the half or quarter carcass to the retailer. The wholesaler again makes his little per cent. Last of all, the retailer sells to the consumer and makes his per cent. With all these people between him and the consumer making their living off that steer, how much is the farmer likely to get for it? Here is a question in mental arithmetic for the wise economic writers.

"Everybody for himself, and the devil take the hindmost," is the motto of our present social and industrial system. It is a grasping, murderous, suicidal system from first to last. Under its operation the survival of the unfittest is assured. The wolf lives and the lamb dies. The honest, modest, unselfish man goes to the wall; the grasping, pushing, unscrupulous "hustler" gets to the front. Society may pity, but it does not respect the one, while it almost venerates the other. Too much of our civilization is heathenism in a medicated, sugar-coated form, but it is heathenism none the less. The savage who uses a club with which to overcome his adversary is more merciful than the sly and subtle villains who are administering slow poison to their victims. Integrity is the thing mankind needs most. The poison tongue of gossip is no less a deadly weapon than the poisoned stiletto of the mafia. We really should forget self long enough to give the other fellow a chance now and then. From Mr. Rockefeller, whose "corner on oil" enables him to build a grand university with a small portion of his "gains," to the highwayman who gets wealth in the same spirit but by a more direct process, we are all on the make. Some of us with a less effective "corner" or a lighter club are likely to be overcome. We don't strike hard enough. Our conscience may hurt us. A man with a conscience is sadly handicapped.—Belding Banner.

Shiloh's Cure is sold on a guarantee. It cures Incipient Consumption. It is the best Cough Cure. Only 25c., 50c., and \$1.00. Sold by Armstrong & Co.

Markets.

Chelsea, Feb. 13, 1896.

Eggs, per dozen.....	11c
Butter, per pound.....	11c
Oats, per bushel.....	20c
Corn, per bushel.....	20c
Wheat, per bushel.....	70c
Potatoes, per bushel.....	15c
Apples, per bushel.....	75c
Onions, per bushel.....	25c
Beans, per bushel.....	\$1.00

Commissioners' Notice.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw. The undersigned having been appointed by the Probate Court for said County, Commissioners to receive, examine and adjust all claims and demands of all persons against the estate of James Cunningham, late of said County, deceased, hereby give notice that six months from date are allowed, by order of said Probate Court, for Creditors, to present their claims against the estate of said deceased, and that they will meet at the office of D. B. Taylor, Esq., in the Village of Chelsea, in said County, on the 5th day of May and on the 5th day of August next, at ten o'clock A. M. of each of said days, to receive, examine and adjust said claims. Dated, Feb. 13, 1896.
CHARLES E. WHITTAKER
EDWARD GORMAN

Probate Order.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw. As a session of the Probate Court for County of Washtenaw, holden at the Probate Office in the City of Ann Arbor, on Tuesday the 2nd day of January, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and ninety-six. Present, J. Willard Babbitt, Judge of Probate in the matter of the estate of J. Haselchwerdt, deceased.
On reading and filing the petition, duly filed, of Eva Mary Haselchwerdt, administratrix, praying that she may be licensed to sell the real estate whereof said deceased died seized.
Thereupon it is ordered, that Tuesday, 25th day of February next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for the hearing of said petition, and that the heirs-at-law of said deceased, and all other persons interested in said estate, are required to appear at a session of said Court, then to be holden at the Probate Office, in the City of Ann Arbor, and to cause, if any there be, why the prayer of petitioner should not be granted; And it is further ordered, that said petitioner give notice to the persons interested in said estate of the pendency of said petition, and hearing thereof, by causing a copy of this Order to be published in the Chelsea Register, a newspaper printed and circulating in said county, three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing.
J. WILLARD BABBITT, Judge of Probate.
[A true copy.]
WM. G. DOTT, Probate Register.

Mortgage Sale.

DEFAULT having been made in the condition of a certain mortgage made and executed by Alfred Felix, of the Township of Pittsfield, County of Washtenaw, State of Michigan, Luther James, of the Township of Lima, On and State aforesaid, dated March 15th, A. D. 1897, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds for said County of Washtenaw on 15th day of March, A. D. 1897, in Liber 12 of Mortgages on page 209, and the said mortgage was duly assigned by Thomas S. Swan, Lewis W. James, executors of the last will and testament of said Luther James, deceased, James L. Babcock, by assignment thereof, dated the 8th day of May, A. D. 1890, and corded in the office of the Register of Deeds for said Washtenaw County on the 24th day of December, A. D. 1895, in Liber 12 of Assignments of Mortgages, on page 209; by which deed the power of sale in said mortgage has become operative, on which said mortgage there is claimed to be due, as at the date of this notice, the sum of fifteen hundred and seven dollars and no cents, and that the said mortgage is secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof. Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and the statute in such case made and provided, that said mortgage will be foreclosed on the 30th day of March, A. D. 1896, eleven o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at the south west corner of section number ten (10), in Township number three (3), of Range number six (6) east, in said county, (that being the place of holding the Circuit Court for said County), by sale of the premises therein described, or so much thereof as may be necessary to pay the amount due on said mortgage, together with the cost of this proceeding and the attorney's fees, thirty dollars, provided for in said mortgage. Said premises to be sold are described in said mortgage as follows:
All that certain piece or parcel of land situate in the Township of Pittsfield, in the County of Washtenaw, and State of Michigan, and described as follows, to wit: "The south half of the north west quarter of section number ten (10), in Township number three (3), of Range number six (6) east, in said county, subject to the right of way of the Detroit Hillsdale Railroad across said lot.
The above foreclosure sale will be made subject to the payment of principal and interest as hereinbefore stated.
Dated January 2d, 1896.
[Signed] JAMES L. BABCOCK,
Assignee of Mortgage.
G. W. TURNBULL,
Attorney for Assignee.

Mortgage Sale.

DEFAULT having been made for more than one hundred days in payment of interest of interest due and payable on mortgage dated October 24th, A. D. 1892, made by Katie Clark to George A. Koels and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds for County of Washtenaw, State of Michigan, on the 4th day of November, A. D. 1892, in Liber 79 of mortgages, on page 326, for which deed the said George A. Koels, by virtue of the assignment given him by said mortgage, has made hereby makes the principal sum of said mortgage and the interest accrued thereon now due and payable, on which mortgage there is claimed to be due at the date of this notice, principal, interest and attorney's fee, as aforesaid, in said mortgage, nineteen hundred and fifty-four dollars.
Notice is hereby given that said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the mortgaged premises at public vendue to the highest bidder on Monday, the 25th day of March, A. D. 1896, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, at the door of the Court House in the City of Ann Arbor, in said County (said Court House being the place of holding the Circuit Court with said County), to satisfy the amount claimed to be due on said mortgage and all legal costs with interest thereon, and the attorney's fee on land situated in the Townships of Lyndon and Sylvan, County of Washtenaw, State of Michigan, known and described as follows, to wit: The south half of the southwest quarter of the northwest quarter of the southeast quarter of section thirty-one (31) in town one south in range three east (Lyndon). And about six acres, more or less, in the northeast corner of the southwest quarter of section six bounded on the north by lands owned by Byrns, on the west by lands owned by J. H. Hatt, in town two south, in range three east (Sylvan).
Dated December 11th, 1895.
GEORGE A. KOELS,
Mortgagee.
G. W. TURNBULL,
Attorney for Mortgagee.

Probate Order.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw. As a session of the Probate Court for County of Washtenaw, holden at the Probate Office in the City of Ann Arbor, on Tuesday the 4th day of February, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and ninety-six. Present, J. Willard Babbitt, Judge of Probate in the matter of the estate of Bridget Malloy, deceased.
On reading and filing the petition, duly verified, of James F. Wood, administrator, praying that he may be licensed to sell the real estate whereof said deceased died seized.
Thereupon it is ordered, that Tuesday, the 5th day of March next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for the hearing of said petition, and that the heirs-at-law of said deceased, and all other persons interested in said estate, are required to appear at a session of said Court, then to be holden at the Probate Office, in the City of Ann Arbor, and to cause, if any there be, why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted; And it is further ordered, that said petitioner give notice to the persons interested in said estate, of the pendency of said petition, and hearing thereof, by causing a copy of this Order to be published in the Chelsea Register, a newspaper printed and circulating in said county, three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing.
J. WILLARD BABBITT, Judge of Probate.
[A true copy.]
WM. G. DOTT, Probate Register.

Subscribers for the Chelsea Herald.